Cambria Freeman.

R. L. JOHNSTON, Editor. BE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE. H. A. M'PIKE, Publisher

VOLUME 2. EBENSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1868. NUMBER 29.

The Cambria Freeman

WILL BE PUBLISHED

EVERY THURSDAY MORNING,

At Ebensburg, Cambria Co., Pa.

At the following rates, payable within three months from dte of subscribing:

One copy, one year, - - - - - $2 00
One copy, six months, - - - - - 1 00
One copy, three months, - - - - 50

Those who fail to pay their subscriptions until after the expiration of six months will be charged at the rate of $2.50 per year, and those who fail to pay until after the expiration of twelve months will be charged at the rate of $3.00 per year.

Twelve numbers constitute a quarter; twenty five, six months; and fifty numbers, one year.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square, 12 lines, one insertion,	$1 00
Each subsequent insertion,	25
Auditor's Notices, each,	2 00
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1 square, 12 lines,	$ 2 50	$ 4 00	$ 6 00
2 squares, 24 lines,	5 00	8 00	12 00
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Special and business Notices right cents per line for first insertion, and four cents for each subsequent insertion.

Resolutions of Societies, or communications of a personal nature must be paid for as advertisements.

JOB PRINTING.

We have made arrangements by which we can do or have done all kinds of plain and fancy Job Printing, such as Books, Pamphlets, Show Cards, Bill and Letter Heads, Handbills, Circulars, &c., in the best style of the art and at the most moderate prices. Also, all kinds of Ruling, Blank Books, Book Binding, &c., executed to order as good as the best and as cheap as the cheapest.

EBENSBURG

DRUG AND BOOK STORE.

HAVING recently enlarged our stock we are now prepared to sell at a great reduction from former prices. Our stock consists of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Lenp's, Hall's and Allen's Hair Restoratives, Pills, Ointments, Plasters, Liniments, Pain Killers, Citrate Magnesia, Ess Jamaica Ginger, Pure Flavoring Extracts, Essences, Lemon Syrup, Soothing Syrup, Spiced Syrup, Rhubarb, Pure Spices, &c.;

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS.

Blank Books, Deeds, Notes and Bonds; Cap, Post, Commercial and all kinds of Note Paper; Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Arnold's Writing Fluid, Black and Red Ink, Pocket and Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Bibles Religious, Prayer and Toy Books, Penknives, Pipes, &c

☞ We have added to our stock a lot of FINE JEWELRY, to which we would invite the attention of the Ladies.

PHOTOGRATH ALBUMS at lower prices than ever offered in this place.

Paper and Cigars sold either wholesale or retail. LEMMON & MURRAY,

July 30, 1868. Main Street, Ebensburg.

THE ALTOONA WARE HOUSE CO.,

WHOLESALE

Dealers and Commission Merchants

Corner Virginia St. and Plank Road,

Will keep constantly on hand a large and well selected assortment of FLOUR, FEED, SALT, FISH, GRAIN, COAL, LIME, SAND, &c., **at wholesale,** in Altoona City, and the adjoining counties can be supplied with the leading articles generally used by them at city and mill prices.

All kinds of country produce received and paid for in cash, or sold on commission.—Prompt returns will be made.

Storage furnished for all articles, such as floor lumber, shooks, shingles, etc.

Articles will be delivered to purchasers or sent to freight warehouse.

Having the only house where goods by the car load can be removed at the door, thus saving drayage, our customers will receive the benefit of it.

Price currents will be sent weekly to persons desiring them.

THE ALTOONA WAREHOUSE CO.

Altoona, April 30, 1868.-tf.

ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRY —WAGON, BUGGY AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.—Having taken the Wagonmaking Shop recently occupied by Mr. Wm. Lichty, (who still remains in their employ,) the subscribers are prepared to manufacture light and heavy WAGONS, BUGGIES, CARRIAGES, and other vehicles, and will guarantee all work done by them to be perfectly substantial, neat and satisfactory, while their prices will be as moderate as those of any manufacturer in the country. Repairing of all kind done promptly and done well. Give us a call if you need any work in our line.

THOMAS T. WILLIAMS & BRO.

Ebensburg, June 25, 1868.

NEW TAILOR SHOP.—Having opened a TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT in the shop formerly occupied by R. D. Thomas, a few doors east of A. A. Barker's store, the subscriber respectfully informs his old customers and the rest of mankind that he is now prepared to manufacture all kinds of Gent's and Youths' wearing apparel in the latest style of the art, with neatness and dispatch, and upon the most reasonable terms. Persons needing work in my line are respectfully invited to give me a call. DAVID J. EVANS.

Ebensburg, April 9, 1868.-tf.

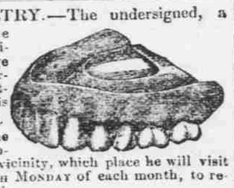
RICHARD ROWAN,

ALTOONA, PA.,

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,

Is prepared to make contracts for the painting of Churches, Dwellings and other Buildings in Cambria and surrounding counties, and for the execution of all other work in his line. Painting done at prices more moderate and in a style far superior to most of the work executed in this section. Satisfaction guaranteed. feb 20.-tf.

DENTISTRY.—The undersigned, a graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, respectfully offers his PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity, which place he will visit on the FOURTH MONDAY of each month, to remain one week.



Aug 13. SAM'L BELFORD, D. D. S.

DENTISTRY.—Dr. D. W. Zeigler has taken the rooms on High street recently occupied by Lloyd & Co. as a Banking House, and offers his professional services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity. *Teeth extracted without pain by use of Nitrous Oxide or Laughing Gas.*

DR. T. F. M'CLURE, SURGEON DENTIST, Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa. Teeth inserted on Gold, Silver, Adamantine, Cheoplastic, &c. ☞Professional visits made to Chest Springs the first week and to Loretto the second week of each month.

Carrolltown, July 4, 1867.-1y.$3⁰

DR. H. B. MILLER,

ALTOONA, PA.,

Operative and Mechanical DENTIST.

Office on Caroline street, between Virginia and Emma streets. ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Altoona, June 18, 1868. 6m.

JAMES J. OATMAN, M. D., tenders his professional services as Physician and Surgeon to the citizens of Carrolltown and vicinity. Office in rear of building occupied by J. Buck & Co. as a store. Night calls can be made at his residence, one door south of A. Haug's tin and hardware store. [May 9, 1867.

R. DEVEREAUX, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, *Summit, Pa.*—Office east end of Mansion House, on Rail Road street. Night calls may be made at the office. [my23.tf.]

R. J. LLOYD, successor to R. S. BUNN, Dealer in *Drugs, Medicines, Paints, &c.* Store on Main street, opposite the "Mansion House," Ebensburg, Pa.

October 17, 1867.-6m.⁰

D. M'LAUGHLIN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in the Exchange building, on the Corner of Clinton and Locust streets—up stairs. Will attend to all business connected with his profession.

Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

R. L. JOHNSTON, J. E. SCANLAN.

JOHNSTON & SCANLAN,

Attorneys at Law,

Ebensburg, Cambria co., Pa.

Office opposite the Court House.

Ebensburg, Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

JOHN P. LINTON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in building on corner of Main and Franklin street, opposite Mansion House, second floor. Entrance on Franklin street.

Johnstown, Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

F. A. SHOEMAKER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on High street, one door East of the Banking House of Lloyd & Co.

January 31, 1867.-tf.

F. P. TIERNEY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row.

Jan. 5, 1867-tf.

W. H. SECHLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.* Office in the Commissioners' Room, Court House. Jan. 31, '67-tf.

JOSEPH M'DONALD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on Centre street, opposite Linton's Hotel. [Jan. 31, 1867-tf.

JOHN FENLON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg Pa.*—Office on High street, adjoining his residence. Jan 31, 1867.-tf.

G. L. PERSHING, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.* Office on Franklin street, up-stairs, over John Benton's Hardware Store. Jan. 31, 1867.

WILLIAM KITTELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street.

Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

GEORGE W. OATMAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street.

January 31, 1867.-tf.

JAMES C. EASLY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa.* Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Jan 31, 1867.

H. KINKEAD, *Justice of the Peace and Claim Agent.*—Office removed to the office formerly occupied by M. Hasson, Esq., dec'd, on High St., Ebensburg. jl8.

J. S. STRAYER, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, Johnstown, Pa. Office on the corner of Market street and Locust alley, Second Ward. dec.12.-1y.

LLOYD & CO., Bankers, EBENSBURG, PA. Gold, Silver, Government Loans, and other Securities, bought and sold. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Collections made on all accessible points in the United States, and a general Banking business transacted.

January 31, 1867.

W. M. LLOYD & CO., BANKERS, ALTOONA, PA. Drafts on the principal cities and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made.—Moneys received on deposit, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates. au31.

THE BONDHOLDER'S SONG.

The bondhold'er sat in his easy chair,
Counting his bonds was he;
And he turned up his nose at Seymour and Blair,
And called them a terrible traitorous pair,
While he sang to himself in glee!

"The people are saddled for us to ride,
And booted and spurred are we;
We rowel well every panting side,
And as safe on their brawny backs abide
As Sinbad's Old Man of the Sea.

"We gave them paper for what we hold,
At not quite half of the face;
But we'll get full payment in gold, hard gold,
(Though laboring men are bought and sold,)
If we only win this race!

"The war is over—so some folks say,
But certainly that won't do;
We must keep it up till election day,
(Till then at least we can make it pay.)
Hurrah for the Red, White and Blue!

"Hurrah for that glorious hero, Grant;
The bondholder's choice is he;
He'd speak if he could, but luckily he can't,
And the masses won't know what a 'regular plant
A 'glorious hero' can be.

"I have misgivings, I must confess,
That we can't put the ticket through;
That the people at last are beginning to guess
A national debt is a blessing to bless
A 'ring' of a chosen few.

"But away with misgivings; for who can prevent
The 'loyal' from getting their pay?
It is only three hundred and fifty per cent
On every dollar of paper they lent
Toward keeping the war under way!

"Hurrah for the flag of our country, then;
For, writing on every fold,
I see, inscribed by Jay Cooke's pen
'Down with rebels,' which means all men
Who won't pay our bonds in gold!"

Corry O'Lanus on Bachelors.

Corry O'Lanus argues the advantages of married life over 'boarding' institutions from the following standpoint:

Single-blessedness is not good for a man of mature years.

He gets along very well for a little while, until his first fortnight's washing is brought home, when he begins to realize the value of matrimony by the absence of his shirt buttons.

Man can never be an independent creature until the necessity for buttons can be dispensed with.

In a boarding-house a man has considerable conceit taken out of him.

His interest in the establishment is limited—authority he has none.

The landlady agrees to fodder him two or three times a day, and stable him at night somewhere on the third floor.

He can't complain of the coffee or growl if the potatoes are underdone.

If he doesn't like it he can leave it. There are other boarding-houses, and he has a choice of evils.

In the evening he has all the world before him.

He has perfect liberty of choice between his bedroom and the street.

There is the parlor to be sure; but the young lady who has steady company is already there.

You go in and the damsel looks daggers. Her young man looks as though he would like to punch your head.

If you are possessed of a sensitive and sympathetic nature, you can't resist this mute but eloquent appeal.

Especially when it comes home to you as it does to me, that there was a time when you were similarly situated.

How would you like it yourself?

There is no alternative but to suddenly remember that you have an "appointment," seize your hat and rush out into the street.

A SLIGHT MISTAKE.—In a New Hampshire town there lived an ignorant, irreligious, worthless family, Ransom by name, no member of which had been seen inside a church within the "memory of the oldest inhabitant." The village pastor, after years of failure, had at length "almost persuaded" two of the younger scions to promise attendance for one Sabbath; but the fear that they would be the subject of some personal remarks still deterred them. They were in great terror lest they should be publicly upbraided for their misdoings, and called to account for their wickedness. After much exertion their fears were quieted, and on the following Sunday the eyes of the good pastor's congregation were astonished at the unwonted presence of the aforesaid Ransoms. All went well until the reading of the second hymn, which was the familiar "Blow ye the trumpet, blow," etc. Imagine the effect when, at the end of the line, "Return ye *ransom'd* sinners home," the elder of our heroes seized his hat, and, with long strides towards the door, shouted, "Come along home, Bill; I knowed they'd be flinging it at us if we came here."—*N. H. Paper.*

SURE CURE FOR CORNS.—Mr. Rose, a merchant of San Diego, announces that these creators of much misery in this world, can easily and surely be cured by applying a good coat of gum arabic mucilage every evening on going to bed. He suffered with them for forty years, and tried nearly all the corn doctors and corn remedies in existence, without relief, until he applied the above, which readily cured him in a few weeks.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

In the month of October, 1828, my vessel was lying in Mobile. I went ashore one bright morning to do some business with the house to which I was consigned, and as I passed along the street, it occurred to me that I might as well have a beard of a week's growth reaped before I presented myself at the counting-room. I stepped into a barber's shop, and taking a chair told the barber to proceed.

He was a bright mulatto, a good looking young fellow, not more than two and twenty years of age, it appeared. His eyes were large, black and lustrous, I thought. His manner at first was quiet and respectful. I thought he was a long while lathering my face, and told him he must have bought his soap at wholesale price. Laughing he replied that mine was a long beard, and that he knew what he was about

"Are you the boss here, my man?" I asked.

"Yes," he answered, "my master set me up, and I pay him twenty dollars a month for my time."

"That is a good interest on the capital invested," I remarked; "can you pay your rent and live on the balance of your savings?"

"Oh, yes, and lay up something besides. Sometimes I receive thirty bits a day."

"Then I suppose you will buy your freedom one of those days?"

"As for that," he replied, "I care little. I have all the liberty I want, and enjoy myself as I go along."

"But should you marry and have children, you would not want them to be slaves."

"Yes I would, because they would be better off than if they were free."

By this time he had down the brush and commenced running the razor over the strop, and looking at the blade every time he drew it across the leather. His hand trembled a little, and his eyes absolutely burned like coals of fire. I did not feel uneasy, but I could not avoid watching him closely.

At last he commenced shaving me.—My head being thrown back, I was able to keep my eyes fixed directly on his own. Why I did so I cannot tell; certainly I apprehended nothing, but I did not remove my gaze for a single instant while the razor was passing over my neck and throat. He seemed to grow more and more uneasy; his eyes were as bright but not as steady as when I first observed them. He could not meet my fixed and deliberate look. As he commenced shaving my chin, he said abruptly—

"Barbers handle a deadly weapon, sir."

"True enough, my man," I replied, "but you handle yours skillfully, although I notice your hand shakes a little."

"That's nothing, sir; I can shave just as well. My hand shakes because I did not have much sleep last night. But I was thinking just now," he added, with a laugh, "how easy it would be for me to cut your throat."

"Very likely," I replied, laughing in return, but looking sternly at him—"very likely, yet I would not advise you to try the experiment."

Nothing more was said. He soon finished, and I arose from the chair, just as an elderly gentleman entered the shop.—The last comer divested himself of his coat and cravat, and took the seat I had vacated.

I went to the glass, which did not reflect the chair, to arrange my collar.—Certainly I had not stood before it a moment when I heard something like a suppressed shriek and a gurgling horrible sound that made my blood run cold. I turned and there—great God there sat the unfortunate gentleman covered with blood, his throat cut from ear to ear, and the barber, now a raving maniac, dashing his razor with tremendous violence into the mangled neck.

On the instant the man's eye caught mine, the razor dropped from his hand, and he fell down in a fit. I rushed towards the door and called for assistance. The unfortunate man was dead before I reached the chair.

We secured the barber, who, as I subsequently learned, had been drinking deeply the night before, and was laboring under mania potu. His state I never heard.

A REMARKABLE HUNTER.—Wilburn Waters is the name of a remarkable man, known as the hermit of the 'White Top,' and the greatest hunter of the age. The Abingdon *Virginian* says of him:

"After an absence of two years, during which time he has been wandering through the peaks and spurs of the Blue Ridge, killing bears and wolves, he returned to his cabin on Saturday, (18th ult.) when we had the pleasure of meeting him an hour or two after his arrival. He is now 55 years old, and has spent about thirty years of his life alone, devoting his time to hunting and trapping. He informed us that he had, during his hermit life, killed 106 bears, 88 wolves, more than 400 deer, and a number of wild cats or catamounts, having killed some 26 of the latter during the last year."

"Altogether. Wilburn is a remarkable man, and withal an humble christian. He starts again on a trapping tour in Mitchel county, N. C., but expects to be back at the White Top at the time of the rally on the last day of August."

A TOUCHING INCIDENT.

The following incident of travel in narlated by a correspondent of the *Daily Saratogian.* It took place on the Rensselaer & Saratoga Railroad, on one of the Northern trains, between Saratoga and Whitehall:

When the train halted at Saratoga, among the passengers from the West came a man of about thirty years of age, elbowing his way through the crowd, and bearing in his arms a child. He was a poor man; his clothes were poor; he looked poor. Around his hat was tied a piece of soiled, worn crape. It was evidently all the mourning his scanty means would permit, for the mother of the child was dead.

This man was rough in exterior, yet his face was an honest one. He handled the baby awkwardly, yet there was a tenderness in his sad look that showed the purity of a father's love. The little fellow lay asleep on his coarsely clad knee; a stray sunbeam glanced across its tired face. They were both tired, the father and child, for they had come from the far West; and as he placed his hard, toil worn hands to shield it from the golden rays, there was in his look a mixture of sadness and care, as if his pent-up feelings had been so crowded back into the inner cells of his heart that even tears could have been no relief to the hidden anguish that was making his life a misery.

The poor child cried; it might be the little thing was tired, it might be it missed its mother; perhaps it was hungry; perhaps it was sick, and so it cried. The tears rolled down its baby cheeks; the father wiped away the dew-drops as they fell, and then tried to feed it. He was so awkward with the bottle—his had been a life of toil and hardship—and he knew not how to give his darling its nourishment. As he made effort after effort to stifle the cries and check the tears of his motherless babe, how he must have missed her who in his life of labor and privation had been his solace and comfort! An unbidden tear started to his eye, but he brushed it quickly away. All who saw him pitied him. At length a woman richly apparelled, with an infant resting on the lap of her nurse beside her—she had been watching the man—said in a gentle tone. "Give me the child." The poor fellow looked at her with a look of gratitude, for there was a mother's tenderness in her voice. With humble resignation, as though it were pain to part with him, even for a moment, he gave her his boy. The woman took it; its soiled clothes rested on her costly silk; its tiny head was soon beneath her shawl, and in a moment all was still. Like the Grecian daughter, who through the iron bars fed her starving father, so did this high-born lady from her breast feed the hungry child, and when, on her gentle bosom the little one lay in calm and unvexed sleep, she put aside the shawl.

The father's heart swelled with gratitude. He said, as a tear welled in his eye, and his voice was thick with emotion. "Thank you, I'll take him now." Then the woman's nature spoke forth, as she gently answered, "Not yet; you will wake him," and mile after mile that noble-hearted woman held that poor man's child, and it was not until her own babe required such nourishment as only a mother can give, she gently rose and placed the stranger boy with its father.

FORCE OF IMAGINATION.—A few years ago a celebrated physician, author of an excellent work on the force of imagination, being desirous to add experimental to his theoretical knowledge, made application to the Minister of Justice to be allowed an opportunity of proving what he asserted by an experiment on a criminal condemned to death. The Minister complied with his request, and delivered over to him an assassin—a man who had been born of distinguished parents. The physician told him that several persons who had taken an interest in his family had obtained leave of the Minister that he should suffer death in some other way than on the scaffold, to avoid the disgrace of a public execution, and that the easiest death he could die would be blood letting. The criminal agreed to the proposal, and counted himself happy in being freed from the painful exhibition he would otherwise have been made of, and rejoiced at being thus enabled to spare the feelings of his friends and family. At the time appointed the physician repaired to the prison, and the patient having been extended on a table, his eyes bound, and everything being ready, he was slightly pricked near the principal veins of the legs and arms with the point of a pin. At the four corners of the table were four little fountains, filled with water, from which issued small streams falling into the basins placed there to receive them. The patient, thinking it was his blood that trickled into the basin, became weaker and weaker by degrees, and the remarks of the medical men in attendance in reference to the quality and appearance of the blood (made with that intention) increased the delusion, and he spoke more and more faintly until his voice was at length scarcely audible. The profound silence which reigned in the apartment, and the constant dropping of the fountain, had so extraordinary an effect upon the mind of the poor patient, that all his vital energies were soon gone, although before a very strong man, and he died without having lost a single drop of blood.

EXTRAORDINARY DIET.

An Algiers correspondent writes the following account of a wonderful exhibition: Our party to witness the exhibition consisted of some twenty Englishmen, and among them a few ladies. After a long walk through the old town of Algiers, we were shown into a Moorish house, in the quadrangle of which open to the sky were a number of Arabs seated on the floor in the centre, singing, as is their nature, a most monotonous chant, to the accompaniment of a big drum. In a balcony above, and looking down into the court, were the Moorish women, most of them entirely vailed, with the exception of their lustrous black eyes, which flashed into unusual brilliancy in the light of the numerous flambeaux with which the court was illuminated. The effect was remarkable, and not easily to be forgotten.

The faces of the Arabs, some of them magnificent looking men, and excited by the music, the lights, the delicately carved pilasters supporting the gallery, and over all the star-studded, blue sky, forming an impressive contrast to the noise and tumult beneath, made an extraordinary picture which no canvass could accurately convey to the mind. Presently, with a howl like a wild beast, a man rushed forward, and standing over a pot of incense, commenced to sway his body in unison with the music. Gradually, to all appearance, becoming more and more excited, he at last rushed at one of his companions, and seizing about a half window pane of glass from him, proceeded to eat it with great relish, crushing it between his teeth, and evidently swallowing the whole. Then another rushed forward, gesticulating furiously, and insisted on swallowing a dozen good sized pebbles.

But perhaps the most extraordinary performance was that of a man who held for nearly a minute, between his teeth, a bar of red hot iron—so hot that one felt its heat at a considerable distance. He afterward cooled his mouth by eating some prickly cactus, which, as it grows out into pins and needles of approved pattern, must be a delicious food. Another Arab, after allowing a scorpion to hang by its tail to his hand and face, ate it distinctly and positively, and appeared in no way the worse. The sting may probably have been extracted. I examined for myself the stones, glass and scorpions, and there is no doubt in my mind that they were all actually swallowed, as I was within a foot or two of the performers.

TWO SERPENTS AND A CAT—SINGULAR CASE.—The *Messager Algerien* relates the following curious story: "A very singular occurrence took place in the warehouse of the Messageries Imperiales at Stora. A large case containing two serpents, directed from Batna to the superintendent of the Zoological Gardens in Marseilles, was deposited in the warehouse for shipment. Whilst there a cat, ignorant of what the case contained, got into it. No sooner had it done so than the reptiles sprang at it with the rapidity of an arrow, and squeezed it to death in their immense coils. They then relaxed their hold, and commenced the process of swallowing. The male serpent seized the dead cat by the head end, the female swallowing the tail end. It is well-known that when serpents take into their mouth a substance of a certain size the conformation of the teeth and jaws is such that they cannot let go their hold. In the present case both snakes were thus brought face to face, the process of deglutition was arrested, and it become doubtful how the matter would end. At length the female snake made a desperate effort to swallow the other, and in doing so was choked. In corroboration of the above facts the animals have been preserved in spirits of wine. The directors of the Zoological Garden of Marseilles are going to bring an action against the Messageries Company for the loss of the serpents, whilst the owner of the cat demands that its skin at least should be given up to him as a matter of curiosity.

TOMATO VINEGAR.—We find the following receipt for the manufacture of Tomato Vinegar in an Iowa newspaper; it is stated that excellent vinegar is made in this manner:

"Take one bushel of ripe tomatoes, wash them in an open tub, and add one quart of molasses that weighs eleven pounds to the gallon, and thoroughly mix the whole together in which condition let the tub stand several days, not neglecting to frequently stir the mixture in it. When a decided vinegar odor is given off, the juice should be strained from the pemace and put into casks and let stand until the process is completed. Vinegar thus made is equal to the best, and to succeed in its manufacture only requires faithfully following out these directions."

ONIONS IN CROUP—HOT WATER.—I really think that nine children out of ten who die with croup might be saved by the timely application of roast onions, mashed, laid upon a folded napkin, and goose oil, hen oil, skunk oil, or even lard; if you have neither of the others, poured on, and applied as warm as can be borne comfortably, to the throat and upper parts of the chest, and to the feet and hands. Give also a teaspoonful of syrup of ipecac every twenty minutes, until vomiting is produced. In bronchitis, too, we have seen relief, when suffocation seemed almost inevitable, by the same treatment.

A ROMANTIC HISTORY.

Those who have been around in the Central station house late at night have doubtless observed an old man, dignified in appearance, and evidently superior to such surroundings, who for some time past has been seeking lodgings there. He has a strange history—has had an experience in life that possesses all the singularity of romance. Before the war he was a planter in Texas, and possessed of immense wealth. His deposits in the Union Bank of this city, at one time reached $60,000 in gold. His landed estate stretched over leagues of territory, and more resembled a German principality than the possessions of an American planter. His homestead was the seat of ease and opulence, and a family of children added interest to his home and gave an incentive to the accumulation of wealth. On the breaking out of the war he went to Europe, but before leaving he made his will, and executed papers which placed his property in the hands of his son and son-in-law. This was done that in case of his death there should be no trouble about the distribution of his estate. At the end of the war he came back. But his absence had given to his children a control of wealth they did not mean to surrender. They refused to recognize him, or permit him to have even a pittance with which to support life. A difficulty occurred between himself and son, in which the latter was shot in the arm and dangerously wounded. So exasperated was the outraged parent that he even expressed his regret that the life of his offspring had not been sacrificed. He finally came to this city and instituted legal proceedings for the recovery of some property which he has in this State. Pending the slow development of the court, without money and without friends, this old man, nearly eighty years of age, is compelled to seek shelter at the police station, while a daughter of his resides in a princely mansion, not a dozen squares away, and enjoys every luxury that immense wealth and unbounded resources can secure. Is not his history stranger than fiction?—*N. O. Picayune.*

THE STEAMBOATS.—The earliest steamboat upon our western rivers was launched in the Ohio, at Pittsburg, in 1811. The first to ascend the Missouri were three little Government boats, in 1819. A party of engineers and neutralists kept along near them on the shore. The Pawnees, who can yet almost steal the boots from a man's feet without his knowing it, pilfered the horses, provisions and apparatus of the unfortunate *savans*, and left them to wander, hungry and half-naked, until they found shelter among the friendly Kaws. These early steamers stemmed the current with difficulty, and were not educated up to walking off on their spars, as a boy does on his stilts. And they dropped down the river stern foremost, as they were more manageable in that position. Even in civilized communities the introduction of the steamboat excited superstitious dread. When Robert Fulton's Clermont appeared on the Hudson, ships' crews who saw her approaching at night against wind and tide, with machinery clanking, paddles clattering, and showers of sparks and volumes of flames streaming from her chimneys, jumped overboard, and swam ashore in terror. Three years later, when Nicholas Roosevelt's Orleans first descended the Ohio, she approached Louisville at midnight. Hundreds of Kentuckians, awakened by her demoniac screechings, rushed down to the bank, and at first believed that the great comet of that year had fallen into the Ohio! One of the first boats to ascend the Missouri, as is her normal terrors were not enough, carried a figure head at her prow in the form of a huge serpent. Through this reptile's mouth, steam escaped, and the savages who saw it fled in the wildest alarm, fancying that the spirit of Evil was coming boldly to devour them.

SINGULAR FRIENDSHIP OF A CHILD AND A RAT.—A few days ago (says the Louisville Journal) the attention of the matron of the Protestant Orphan Asylum, situated on Fifth street, was directed to her little boy, a child four or five years of age, who was seated in the yard gaily and busily feeding a large rat that had climbed upon his shoulder, while both parties appeared to be on the most friendly and familiar terms possible. Upon inquiry, she learned that this singular acquaintance had commenced nearly six weeks ago, and that frequent meetings had since occurred between them. About midnight on Saturday last the lady was awakened by the child, and informed by it that "there was a rat in the bed." As may be readily believed, she sprang hastily out, and, lighting the gas, found the rat snugly ensconced in the arms of her darling. Of course the animal was quickly put to flight, and since that time no new developments in this strange attachment have occurred. That this little boy should be singled out from a group of forty or fifty children as the object of this animal's affection seems strange.

IN England, lately, the same flash of lightning that rendered a soldier totally blind, restored the sight of a woman who had been deprived of her sight for eight years. Verily, the freaks of the electric fluid this year are worthy of history by themselves.

THE FREEMAN.

EBENSBURG, PA.,
THURSDAY, : : : : : AUG 20, 1868.

Democratic National Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:
HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR,
OF MISSOURI.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:
HON. CHARLES E. BOYLE,
Of Fayette County.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL:
GEN. WELLINGTON H. ENT,
Of Columbia County.

Democratic County Ticke.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE:
Capt. JOHN PORTER, Washington Tp.
FOR PROTHONOTARY:
Capt. J. K. HITE, Johnstown.
FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY:
F. P. TIERNEY, Esq., Ebensburg.
FOR COMMISSIONER:
MAURICE McNAMARA, Johnstown.
FOR POOR HOUSE DIRECTOR:
CHRISTIAN SNYDER, Jackson Tp.
FOR AUDITOR:
JAMES NULL, Allegheny Tp.
FOR SURVEYOR:
HENRY SCANLAN, Carrolltown.

DON'T BE FOOLISH, JIM!

A few weeks since we acknowledged the receipt of a document from Hon. D. J. Morrell, and in doing so took occasion to ask this question: "If Morrell would reduce the burden of taxation, and relieve the necessities of the people, why don't he vote to abolish the Freedmen's Bureau and the military governments established over a portion of the United States by the Rump Congress?" This was propounded in no spirit of unkindness, but merely to indicate our views as a journalist and constituent of Mr. Morrell. We never referred to the *Tribune* or its editor, knowing him to be proverbially thin-skinned, and not desiring controversy with him.

But living as he does in the light of Mr. Morrell's countenance, and being a pensioner upon the Rump Congress, the editor of the *Tribune* feels called upon to "pitch in," and when he gets the worst of it, commences charging falsehood upon us and assumes much dignity and decency to himself—reminding us of a troublesome whiffet barking at the heels of a good natured mastiff, until the latter is provoked to giving him a snap, when he sets up a "ki-yi," "ki-yi," and runs off, with his tail between his legs and a monstrous assumption of self-respect and dignity.

Determined in our last number to end the discussion, we published but the order of Grant's General, showing what "General Orders No 55," as published in the *Tribune*, really meant. This Radical document we gave to our readers with scarcely a comment. We gave "General Orders No. 1," because they say themselves they are "in conformity wth General Orders No. 55," and are the regular sequence to those orders. The *Tribune* complains that we did not give General Orders No. 55," while it refuses to give the later orders published by us, by which the South is ruled now, and is to be ruled in the future, while Radicals have rule. Come, Mr. *Tribune*, we gave the half of your Radical documents, and you should be obliged to us for that! Why don't *you* publish both of them?

And for publishing this little Radical 'General Orders No. 1," the correctness of which the *Tribune* does not pretend to deny, we are visited with nearly two columns of dignified rebuke.

First, we have abused and misrepresented Hon. D J. Morrell. Ouronly reference to Mr. Morrell was giving him our candid opinion how he could best "relieve the necessities of the people." That was to 'vote to abolish the Freedmen's Bureau and the military governments." The *Tribune* said he had done so. On the contrary Mr. Morrell voted to continue the Freedmen's Bureau till the first of January next. Now what was this for? Why not abolish it now, and relieve the people of the burden? If the negroes in the South are fit to govern the white man, they are surely fit to procure themselves a livelihood in the long summer days, when every kind of work is abundant. Then why does Mr. Morrell inflict this a day longer on his constituents? We shall be happy to hear from *him*—not from any of his creatures—what reason there was for a postponement till January next. Until some good reason is offered we shall hold (and no candid man can hold otherwise) that it was not because it was a necessity, but because the Freedmen's Bureau must be used as *a means for keeping the Radicals in power!*

Then, if the Southern negro votes *radically* right, the easiest thing in the world for the Rump, including Mr. Morrell, is, when it meets in December next, to extend the Act another year, as it has been doing heretafore.

If the negro is not fit to provide for himself *now*, in midsummer, how will it be in midwinter? No, the whole thing is a gull, a cheat, to secure power to carry the next Presidential election, and no man knows it better than the editor of the *Tribune*, with all his affected candor.

Congress has nothing to do when it meets but to repeal the present law, or pass an act extending the time, and we fearlessly predict that if the Radicals are successful, the Freedmen's Bureau *will not be abolished the first day of January next!*

So much for the first wrong we have done Mr. Morrell. Now for the other—our advice to Mr. Morrell "to vote to abolish military governments." These still exist, as the *Tribune* will not deny, in Virginia, Mississippi and Texas, and virtually in the other Southern States, as is apparent by "General Orders No. 1." The *Tribune* seems to think our advice was good, but pleaded that Mr. Morrell has complied with its terms. This we deny, and have shown that we still have the Freedmen's Bureau, and that we still have military governments, and will have them as long as we have Radicalism and a Rump Congress.

We have not Gen. Grant's report to President Johnson on the condition of the South before us. The *Tribune* has, and publishes a garbled portion of it. This is unfair; and we *dare* the *Tribune* to publish it entire, and in return will agree to publish any paper that Seymour has ever written. If the editer dares publish it, it will amount substantially to what we have given.

We have seen the celebrated "David A. Wells'" report, and seen its fallacious figures exposed, notwithstanding it is "believed by him (Wells) to be substantially correct.

We shall refer to the question of taxation, again and again, before the election—not in reply to anything in the *Tribune*, but to satisfy the candid reader that the Radicals have not yet, during three years of profound peace, lessened the national debt one dollar, and that unless the party which paid our Revolutionary national debt is restored to power, it never will be paid.

Radical Rebellion Threatened.

The Radicals are preparing to precipitate the country into another terrible civil war. Johnson, their candidate for Attorney General of Missouri, made a speech at Saline, in that State, the other day, in which he used the following revolutionary language:

"There could and should be but one result to the election this fall—that General Grant, backed by the army and supported by the whole Radical party, would prevent, with the bayonet, the inauguration of a Democratic administration at Washington, and that the Radical State Government at Jefferson would resist and put down in the same way any attempt to inaugurate the Democratic party into power in this State."

Such is the revolutionary and bloody purpose of these desperate Radicals. The only way to settle them is for the people of the Northern States to overwhelm them at the polls. Conservative Republicans should understand that if they would prevent the threatened Radical revolution, the vote for Seymour and Blair *must be made decisive in the Northern States.* Moderate, thinking men of Pennsylvania! is not your duty clear in the premises?

THADDEUS STEVENS died at his residence in Washington city, at precisely 12 o'clock on Tuesday night, 11th inst, in the 77th year of his age. His death was witnessed by but one or two of his own kindred, a few of his household, and two Sisters of Charity who had attended him through his last illness. One of the latter, after obtaining his consent, administered to him the rite of baptism a short time previous to his death. His remains were almost exclusively taken charge of by his special friends, the negroes, and by them escorted to his home in Lancaster, where they were followed to the grave on Monday last by about fifteen thousand people. Fifty years of his life had been spent in public positions of various kinds, and throughout them all it can scarcely be said that he done one act for which his memory deseives to be revered by his countrymen, now that death has removed him from time to eternity. May his ashes find in the grave what he refused to his country while living—Peace.

THE BLACK TEST.

This is the oath which must be taken by those who desire to vote in a number of the Southern States:

"I do solemnly swear that I accept the civil and political equality of all men, and agree not to attempt to deprive any person or persons, on account of race, color or previous condition, of any political or civil right, privilege, or immunity enjoyed by any other class of men. So help me God."

White men of Pennsylvania, remember that neither you nor any of your descendants can ever become citizens of those fair Southern States without subscribing to that disgusting oath. If you have no regard for your own race in the South, will you not protect your own right to emigrate there, and the rights of your descendants?

..The New York *World* asserts that a proposition is seriously entertained by the Radical National Committee to recall the Chicago Convention, in order to receive Grant's resignation, and nominate a new candidate for the Presidency. We hope not. Grant is already beaten and if he is taken from the track we will have to go to work and beat somebody else.

General Blair at St. Joseph, Mo.

BRAVE WORDS OF A BRAVE MAN.

When Grant and Sherman reached St. Joseph, Mo., on their return, they were received at a public meeting. Sherman made a speech, during which there were frequent cheers for Seymour and Blair. This annoyed Sherman so much that he suddenly broke off his speech, called the crowd a lot of "fellows," and intimated that some of them ought to get a ducking in the river. Gen. Blair was at St. Joseph a few nights afterwards. and being serenaded and called upon for a speech he made the following characteristic remarks:

GENTLEMEN OF ST. JOSEPH: In addressing the large and enthusiastic audience before me I shall not insult you by calling you "fellows," or by advising you to throw a man in the river who happened to differ in opinion regarding the sentiments expressed, as I understand has been done by a distinguished military gentleman in this place upon a recent occasion. I believe this to be a free country, and that the people will treat those with respect who respect the people. Our objection to the principles of our adversaries in this great political campaign is that they assume too dictatorial a tone towards the people. They denounce me as a revolutionist—say that I wish to inaugurate another rebellion—because I say it is time for the rule of the bayonet to be checked. (Great applause.) The people of the State of Missouri and the people of the whole country, are tired of being bound to obey the dictates of their military commanders. We believe it is time for the will of the people to be carried out. This will be done. (A voice—"We'll fix that in November.") Yes, we will settle that in November, and we will do it peaceably by the ballot. The people are now fully aroused and none of these men will dare to defy the will of the people. Those who attempt it will come to grief, and it is time they should come to grief. Unless checked they will go on until they establish negro suffrage over this State and the Northern States, as they already have in ten States of this Union. They will extend a military despotism over all the States, and negro supremacy, as far as the people will allow it. This fragmentary Congress, and the carpet-baggers that have got into the Senate under the auspices of this Rump, have already attempted to degrade the white men of all the States to a condition of inferiority to the negro. This is the main issue. The people have decided in all those States where they have enjoyed the privilege of a free vote, that this thing cannot be; and I tell you that the will of the people shall be carried out in spite of the designs of these ambitious men who have trampled the Constitution under their feet, and a Republican form of government shall be guaranteed to the people of the Southern as well as of the Northern States. But we are told that even if the Democratic party elect their President, and a majority of the House of Representatives, that these carpet baggers, who assume to constitute a majority of the Senate, will defeat legislation, and will impose this ignorant and semi-barbarous race of negroes upon the country as the superior of the white man. Let them dare to do it, and they will find that the more than one million majority of voters who are opposed to this scheme will make it impossible for them to perpetuate such an atrocious outrage upon American citizens. The people have risen in their might everywhere from Maine to California, and have, by their votes, said they will not have this negro supremacy kept up in this country. They will not be shaken in their purpose to turn aside the bayonet that is still kept pointed at the throats of the white men of the South. Neither will the Radical party, in its hopeless minority, be able to defeat the will of the people. I feel an abiding confidence in the success of the Democratic party to-day, because it is right. Thanking you, gentlemen, for your very kind and attentive audience, I bid you farewell.

Seymour Addresses the Soldiers and Sailors.

The Conservative veteran soldiers and sailors of Utica, N. Y., held a large and enthusiastic meeting on the evening of the 13th inst. It adjourned at an early hour to serenade Governor Seymour at his headquarters at the Butterfield House. There was a vast assemblage in front of the hotel. After the performance of some music by the band, Governor Seymour was introduced by General McQuade. He was received with immense cheering, and spoke as follows:

SOLDIERS OF ONEIDA COUNTY:—I thank you for this mark of your good will. I know better than most men the character of the services rendered by our soldiers in the late war. I gave them more than fifteen thousand commissions. It was my official duty to mark their upward progress in rank as they gained honors in the field. It was also my sad duty to record the loss of life of many of those with whom I had had pleasant intercourse in the Executive Chamber. I saw your regiments as they went forth to war, with ranks filled with men in the vigor and prime of manhood. It was my official privilege to thank them in the name of the State when they returned with thinned ranks and torn banners, which were made glorious by the proof that they had been borne by brave men into the thickest of the fight. It is a pleasant thing, amidst all the harshness of a political canvass, to receive these tokens of good will and of confidence from those who have shown their patriotism upon the battle-field; and in return I pledge myself, in whatever station I may be placed, in public or in private life, to struggle for the restoration of that Union for which you have periled your lives in the contest of arms; and in our struggle for constitutional rights we are strengthened in our convictions of duty by the fact that a majority of the soldiers uphold us in this political contest. In the course of my life I have received many testimonials from political friends as well as from political opponents, as to their sense of the services which I have been able to render to our State and our country; but none touch my heart so much as those proofs of respect which come from my neighbors, and particularly those which are given by men who have served our country in the ranks of its armies.

Governor Seymour retired amid enthusiastic cheers,

Hon. Samuel J. Tilden was also introduced by Hon. Francis Kernan, and made a brief and encouraging speech.

He was followed by Hon. A. J. Rogers, of New Jersey.

Hon. A. R. Fellows, of Arkansas, spoke at some length, followed by Hon. Francis Kernan.

..Dana's Life of Grant contains a chapter entitled "Grant as a Statesman." Prentice says: Not more absurd would be, in a piscatory work, a chapter entitled "The Sardine as a Whale."

Political and News Items.

..."Rebel"—The watchword of Treasury thieves.

..."The Rebels"—Two-thirds of the white people of the country.

..."Loyalty"—The Radical apology for public robbery.

..."Traitor"—A Radical argument which costs the country $500,000,000 a year in time of peace.

..."The People"—All the niggers and as many whites as can be induced to vote the Radical ticket.

..Grant's friends say he shuns public demonstrations, but the Louisville *Journal* says the demonstrations shun him.

..Why does it cost $44,413,151 more to support the army and navy in the year of peace, 1867, than it did in the year of peace, 1866?

..The number of threshing machines in this country is said to be 225,000. Grant will think there are several million of them in November.

..An exchange says those who preach against sin and serve Satan are but little better than those who denounce intemperance and go for Grant.

..Somebody makes the statement that General Sherman is going for Grant and the Radical party. It is presumed that he recollects when the Radical party *went for* him.

..Mr. Topley, the great English champion pedestrian, astonished the Williamsporters, on Monday, by walking seven and a half miles in fifty-eight minutes and forty-two seconds.

..The death of Thaddeus Stevens is bewailed by the Radicals as a loss to the country, by which they mean a loss to their party. The crack of his whip gave them the votes of thousands of cowards.

..."Hans Patrick LeConnor," the *nom de plume* of a reporter for the St. Louis *Times*, (Democratic,) was recently mobbed and badly beaten by the Radicals at Springfield, Illinois. "Let us have peace."

..A great mortality is noticeable among the flies in Nashville, and the manner of their dying is said to be similar to that which has been observed several times before the coming of a terrible and sweeping epidemic.

..At St. Louis, on Friday, Adams' Express Company was robbed in an adroit manner of $7000. Their messenger was seized, chloroformed and afterwards knocked senseless with an iron bar. The scoundrels perpetrating the deed escaped.

..Miss Ann Lee, of Lawrence, Mass., lay flat on the bank of the river the other day, and held her face in the water until she drowned, her clothing not having been wet at all. It was the *dryest* suicide by drowning on record.

..The fraudulently elected batch of carpet-baggers, who impudently call themselves the Legislature of Florida, have resolved to cast the vote of that State for President. The people of the United States will never allow it to be counted.

..A novel pedestrian feat was recently performed in England. A man ran, walked, wheeled a barrow, trundled a hoop, and hopped on one leg a distance of five miles, in separate feats of a mile each, within one hour, for £20, and won with two minutes to spare.

..A watch, known as the Douwagner watch, from the name of the inventor, is manufactured in Switzerland. It is partially wound up every time the cover is raised and closed. Each operation effects a winding for four hours, or six for the twenty-four hours; any excess does not affect the watch.

..John Allen, the "wickedest man in New York," who has been foisted into notoriety as a penitent, by the *Independent* and others, now advertises that he has got tired of that sort of thing, and "respectfully requests no curiosity seekers to call on him, unless they wish to spend at least a $1 at the bar."

..Ninety thousand is the majority in Kentucky against the Radical revolutionists. Three times as many white volunteers were mustered into the Union army during the war as voted the Radical ticket at the late election. What has become of them? Did they emigrate, or join the Democracy?

..The Radical State Convention catechises General Hartranft concerning the State debt, but they do not ask him any questions about the fraud by which one Ilyus, of Lancaster county, drew $700 from the Treasury. Either Gen. Hartranft or Speaker Davis can explain this little matter. Mr. Grow might coax one or the other to clear it up, if he would only ask them some questions about it.

..Butler, the spoon thief, has come out for Grant, and humbly licks the boots of the man whom he once so boldly denounced as a butcher, and the murderer of Union prisoners whom he refused to exchange. Butler is capable of any meanness. He voted 79 times for Jeff. Davis for President at Charleston, and would vote for him to-morrow if he could make money by so doing. The Radicals are overjoyed because Butler now supports Grant

..The clergyman—whether black or white, we do not know—who, on the occasion of Mr. Stevens' preliminary funeral, made a speech in which he quoted Miss Killmansigge and her Golden Leg, took especial pains to refer to the prayers of the negro preachers by the dying man's bedside, but has not a word to say about the two white Sisters of Charity who nursed and ministered there, too. Perhaps he thought with an eminent Protestant prelate amongst us that they came from "dangerous sisterhoods and Rome-like nunneries."—Phila. Age.

..A negro in Columbus, Ohio, on the 9th, met the wife of a railroad engineer on North High street, above the depot, and attempted to force her into a car shed. Her cries brought her husband and several other railroad men to her assistance, and with clubs and stones they almost killed the black ruffian. His front teeth were all knocked out, his jaw broken, and his head badly beaten. He made his escape, after being almost killed, by hiding in the bushes and weeds along the river, to which he had run in his efforts to get away.

LINCOLN ON COLFAX—STORY OF A RAM.—Old Abe, as we used to call our late President, had a wonderful perception of men's characters, and an inexhaustible fund of live anecdotes with which to illustrate them.

The best illustration of the character of the little popinjay put up by the Radicals for Vice President, was that of Lincoln, as told by one who had heard the joke. When Colfax was elected Speaker, he was of course immensely "set up." He conceived the idea that the old rule of Washington etiquette which ranked Senators above members of the House in their intercourse with the President was all wrong; that the Speaker had precedence over Senators at the White House. Calling upon the President on a certain occasion, he was required to wait until the conclusion of an interview between a Senator and Lincoln. Colfax took this in high dudgeon, and made some remarks about it. These coming to the ears of Old Abe, in a conversation on the matter with some Illinois Democrats, he said:

"Colfax reminds me of a ram, once owned by an old friend, Farmer Jones, of Sangamon county. The ram was a tolerably fair animal for that day, before the stock of sheep had been materially improved. He ran with the flock, doing proper service for a long while. One day he became troublesome, broke through fence gaps, into an adjoining field among the cows. After that, neither blows nor coaxing could induce that ram to herd with the sheep again. He felt sure, said Old Abe, that he had got to be a bull, and nothing could persuade him out of that notion. Colfax, since he has been made Speaker, never will be convinced that he is not a bigger sheep than those fellows in the north end of the Capitol."

Ever after he was called by those who heard the story, "Ram Colfax."

AN EXPRESS GOVERNOR.—They tell this tale in Georgia:

Bullock, who "Writes himself Governor" of that State, was formerly the Southern express agent at Atlanta. On the Sunday after his "inauguration" he determined to cut a splurge in the way of church going, and a fine equipage was ordered from a livery stable, but the horses not proving stylish enough to suit the fastidious taste of the "Governor," he had them taken out and substituted a pair of fine black express horses. The equipage dashed through the streets with liveried driver, and occasioned considerable attention. Just as the step of the carriage was opposite the door of the church the driver called to the proudly prancing steeds, whoa! and in an instant the noble animals, true to their education and habits as "express carriers," wheeled upon the arc of a circle corresponding with the length of the pole of the carriage, and backed the vehicle, with a jam and crash, into the very door of the sanctuary. The "Governor" has not appeared in state since.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been passed and filed in the Register's Office at Ebensburg, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Cambria county for confirmation and allowance, on Monday the 7th day of September next, to wit:

The account of Aline Maguire, Executrix of Andrew Rodrigue, late of Ebensburg, dec'd.

The first and final account of C. B. Ellis, Admr. of Thomas Johnson, late of Cambria borough, dec'd.

The second and partial account of Phillip F. Shaffer, Admr. of Moses Yoder, late of Richland township, dec'd.

The account of Rebecca Ann Duncan, Administratrix of Henry H. Duncan, late of Blacklick township, dec'd.

The first and final account of C. B. Ellis, Admr. of Mark O. Knowlton, late of Johnstown, dec'd.

The account of John M. King, Admr. of John B. Fromald, late of Johnstown, dec'd.

The third account of Geo. M. Reade Admr. of Robert Davis, late of Ebensburg, dec'd.

The first account of Jacob R. Stull, Admr. of Emanuel N. Grumling, late of Richland township, dec'd.

The first and final account of Jacob R. Stull, Admr. of John Croyle, late of Richland township, dec'd.

The first and final account of Rob't H. Roberts, Guardian of Mary Emma Davis, minor child of Robert Davis, dec'd

The first and final account of John Bennet, Guardian of George and Augusta Agnes Davis, minor children of Robert Davis, dec'd.

The account of Robert L. Johnstou, Guardian of Anna M. Friese, minor child of Josephine Friese, late of Cambria county, dec'd.

The account of Ebenezer Williams, Admr. of David Williams, late of Ebensburg, dec'd.

The first account of Peter Strittmatter, Guardian of the minor children of Peter Weible, dec'd.

JAMES GRIFFIN, Register.
Register's Office, Ebensburg, Aug. 13, 1868.

Lewis Plack vs. Simon Weakland and Demetrius Weakland.	}	In the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria County. No 29, March Term, 1868. Vend Expon.

And now, July 15, 1868, on motion, Wm. H. Sechler appointed Auditor to report distribution of the money in the hands of the Sheriff to and among the lien creditors.

By the Court. Extract from the Record.
(L. S.) GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Proth'y.

In pursuance of the above appointment I will sit at my office in the Borough of Ebensburg, on Friday the 21st day of August next, at 2 o'clock P. M., where those interested may attend.
WM. H. SECHLER, Auditor.
Ebensburg, Aug. 6, 1868.-3t.

SIX CENTS REWARD.—Ran away from the premises of the subscriber in Carroll township, Cambria county, on Wednesday, July 22d, an indentured apprentice to the farming business named JOHN HAFFERTY, aged about fourteen years. All persons are hereby cautioned against harboring or trusting him on my account, as I will not be responsible for his acts. The above reward and no thanks will be paid for his apprehension.
July 30, 1868.-3t*. RAPHAEL HITE.

NOTICE.—The co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the Saw Mill business, under the firm name of Henry & Barrett, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 2d day of July, 1868. The business of the late firm will be continued by Jas. Henry, who is authorized to make settlement of all the accounts of the late firm.
JAMES HENRY,
JONATHAN BARRETT.
August 6, 1868.-3t.

NOTICE.—Whereas Letters of Administration CUM TESTAMENTO ANNEXO have been granted to me by the Register of Cambria county on the estate of Wm. W. Gittins, late of the borough of Ebensburg, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said deceased to present them properly authenticated for settlement, and to those indebted to make payment without delay.
NEWTON J. ROBERTS, Adm'r.
Ebensburg, July 23, 1868.-6t.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FEMALE COLLEGE, BORDENTOWN, N. J.—Pleasantly located on the Delaware river, 2¾ hours ride from New York and 1¼ from Phila. The very best educational advantages furnished in connection with a pleasant home. Fall term begins Sept. 15th. For Catalogue address Rev. JOHN H. BRAKELEY, A. M., Pres't.

AGENTS WANTED for the Standard and Official LIVES OF SEYMOUR AND BLAIR. A book for every library and a work of present interest and permanent value. No Democrat or Conservative can do without it, or have a just understanding of the issues before the country without reading it. Agents are everywhere finding it the best opportunity to make money ever offered. Send for circulars and see our liberal terms and a full description of the work. Address UNITED STATES PUBLISHING Co., No. 411 Broome St., N. York.

AGENTS WANTED for the Standard and Official LIFE OF HON. SCHUYLER COLFAX. Indispensable to a just understanding of the political issues of the day, and endorsed by the leaders of the Republican party. The claims of this statesman to the gratitude of the nation are so clearly set forth in this volume that none of his admirers can afford to be without a copy. Send for circulars and see our liberal terms, and a full description of this great work. Address UNITED STATES PUBLISHING Co., No. 411 Broome St., N. York

AGENTS WANTED FOR
"THE BLUE COATS,
And how they Lived, Fought and Died for the Union, with Scenes and Incidents in the Great Rebellion." It contains over 100 fine engravings and 500 pages, and is the spiciest and cheapest war book published. Price only $2.50 per copy. Send for circulars and see our terms and full description of the work. Address JONES BROTHERS & CO., Philada., Pa.; Cincinnati, O.; Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo.

Agents Wanted to sell the
"EMINENT WOMEN OF THE AGE,"
An octavo volume of 630 pages, containing 47 newly written Sketches, by Messrs. Parton, Greeley, Higginson, Tilton, Winter, Abbott, Prof. Hoppin, Mrs. E. C. Stanton, Fanny Fern, Grace Greenwood, &c. Illustrated with FOURTEEN beautiful steel engravings.

The N. Y. Tribune says:—"So thoroughly have the Publishers done their work that their volume in paper, type, binding, engravings, above all in the excellence of its subject matter, goes far to remove the reproach urged against subscription books—'only made to sell.'"

For descriptive circulars, etc., address S. M. BETTS & CO., Hartford, Conn.

STAR AGRICULTURAL Works.—THE ALBANY COTTON GIN MANUFACTURING CO., Albany, N. Y., Manufacturers of General Agricultural Machinery, comprising the celebrated "Star" Threshing Machines, "Star" Railway (or Endless Chain) and Lever Horse Powers, "Star" Cotton Gins and Condensers, Circular Cross-cut Saw Mills, Vegetable Cutters, Horse Hay Forks, Corn and Feed Mills, Power Corn Shellers, Dog Powers, &c., &c.

We wish to call the particular attention of Farmers to our celebrated "STAR" THRESHER AND CLEANER which, as lately improved, we claim is far superior to any other machine now in market. It is compact and easily portable, simple in its construction, and therefore easy to operate by the most inexperienced, and will do its work with marvellous rapidity and perfection, and with comparatively the least demand upon the strength of the animals driving it.

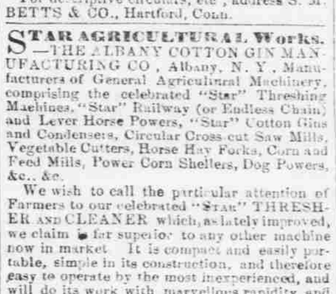
We have made recent improvements in this machine by which we are enabled to THOROUGHLY CLEAN THE GRAIN under almost any combination of difficulties, and we are now using an entirely new and effective device for relieving the feeder of dust, thus making the operation of threshing as comfortable and safe as with the ordinary machines it is annoying and frequently destructive of health.

These Machines are made of suitable sizes for our "Star" Railway 2 Horse Power and for our "Star" Lever Powers for 4 and 6 horses.

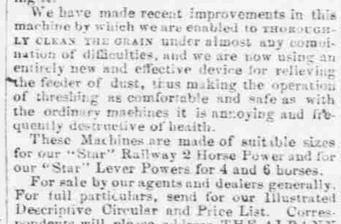
For sale by our agents and dealers generally. For full particulars, send for our Illustrated Descriptive Circular and Price List. Correspondents will please address THE ALBANY COTTON GIN MANUFACTURING CO., P. O. Drawer 162, Albany, N. Y.

WE HAVE COME
With great inducements to agents to co-operate with us in our
GRAND ONE DOLLAR SALE!
Sheetings free of Cost to our Agents.
Watches free of Cost to our Agents.
Sewing Machines free of Cost to our Agents.
Leather Goods free of Cost to our Agents.
Linen Goods free of Cost to our Agents.
Silks and Shawls free of Cost to our Agents.
Boots and Shoes free of Cost to our Agents.
Dress Goods free of Cost to our Agents.
Great Dollar Bargains for our Customers.
Send for our circular. Agents wanted everywhere. Address HARRIS & PLUMMER, 34 Hanover Street, Boston, Mass.

CIRCULAR, MILL, MULAY, GANG AND CROSS-CUT SAWS.—Every Saw that leaves our Factory is Oil Tempered and Patent Ground, *perfectly* true and even, and made of uniform temper by our patent tempering process.



AXES, common shape, as good as the best. The RED JACKET (Colburn's Patent) AXE cannot be excelled. We guarantee they will cut 25 per cent. more than common Axes, with less labor to the chopper.



Send for circular and prices to LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL, PITTSBURG, PA. Sole Manufacturers. For sale by principal Hardware Dealers.

GREAT BARGAINS!!!
Will be sold at a great sacrifice, if sold soon, a number of
THRESHING MACHINES, PLOUGHS,
POINTS and other FARMING IMPLEMENTS, and CASTINGS.
COME AND SEE, FARMERS,
and you cannot fail to purchase.
Ebensburg, July 30, 1868. E. GLASS

TOM. P. DAVIS,
WITH
BOYD & STROUD,
Importers and Dealers in
QUEENSWARE, CHINA and GLASS,
No. 32 NORTH FOURTH ST.,
Four doors below Merchants' Hotel, PHILA.

WE ARE ON HAND, and will sell more for the money than any DOLLAR CONCERN IN THE COUNTRY. Our inducements for forming Clubs are more than double that of any establishment in the country. For the proof of this assertion please examine our Terms to Agents, which are as follows:

☞Itead carefully and compare with the terms for getting up clubs, as advertised by other establishments.

Any person sending us Two Dollars can receive for the same a selection from the following articles: Two (not one) 50 picture Morocco Albums, 2 pairs (not one pair) Congress Boots, 2 pieces (not one piece) of Pants Pattern, 2 (not one) 5 Bottle Revolving Castors, 2 (not one) worsted Breakfast Shawls, or any two articles (not one article) from our exchange list.

We will also send 20 printed notices of articles for sale at one dollar each.

Any person sending Three Dollars can receive for the same a selection from the following articles:—13 yds. De Laine, 1 white Marseilles Quilt, 2 (not one) 100 view Turkey Morocco Albums, 20 yds. Sheeting, Wool Square Shawl, 2 sets, (not one set) Gold Bosom Studs, 2 (not one) Hair Guard Chains, with gold plated trimmings. (The trimmings of these chains are advertised by other concerns as Gold, which is deception, as they are all of them gold plated.) 2 (not one) silver plated chased Butter Dishes, 2 (not one) silver plated 5 bottle Revolving Castors, 2 sets (not one set) steel bladed Knives and Forks, 2 (not one) Worsted Promenade Shawls, 3 (not one) ladies' long gold plated Chains, 3 (not one) ladies' Solid Gold Double Rings, 2 (not one) gents' heavy chased gold plated Rings. (These rings are advertised by other concerns as solid gold, which is a fraud upon the public.) 3 (not one) black walnut Work Boxes or Writing Desks. 2 (not one) extra quality Balmoral Skirts, 2 sets (not one) of Jewelry and Sleeve Buttons to match 2 (not one) superior Turkey Morocco Shopping Bags, 2 pairs (not one) ladies Balmoral Boots.

We will also send 40 printed notices of articles for sale at one dollar each.

Any person sending Five Dollars (not six dollars) can receive for the same a selection from the following articles:—A black or colored Alpaca Dress Pattern, a Poplin Dress Pattern, 1 piece of Brown or Bleached Sheeting, 1 engraved [6 bottles] silver plated Revolving Castor, 4 yds. superfine Cassimere, extra heavy large sized White Quilt, 1 pair gents' Calf Boots, 4 yds good Wool Frocking, 2 [not one] best quality Balmoral Skirts, an 8 day Clock, made by Seth Thomas, 4 yds. double width Cloth for ladies' Sacks or children's wear, a silver plated Cake or Card Basket, Fur Muff or Cape, Wool Long Shawl, splendid clasp Family Bible, 4 yds (not three yds.) double width water proof Cloaking, 2 sets each [not one set each] Ivory handled Knives, with Silver plated Forks, 1 set of Lace Curtains.

We will also send 60 printed notices of articles for sale at one dollar each.

Any person sending Ten Dollars can receive for the same a selection from the following articles:—7 yds [not four yds.] double width Cloth for Cloaking or Coating, 3 [not two] Bleached Linen Table Cloths, with 2 doz [not one doz.] Linen Damask Napkins, 30 yds [not 25 yds.] Hemp Carpeting, 13 yds. extra quality black or colored Alpacca Dress Patterns, 14 yds. extra quality Poplin Dress Patterns, Silver Hunting Cased Watch, new [not second handed] 2 doz. (not one doz.) ivory handled steel bladed Knives and Forks, 1 pr. superior Wool Blankets, nice Fur Muff and Cape, 2, not 1, silver plated engraved Ice Pitchers, 9 yds, not 7½ yds, Wool Cassimere for suit, 2 doz., not one doz., Rogers' best silver plated Forks, Common Sense Sewing Maceine, the real article, not a base imitation as used by other concerns, 4, not 2, Honey Comb Quilts, 2, not 1, splendid clasp Family Bibles.

We will all also send printed notices for 120 articles for sale at one dollar each.

FOR LARGER CLUBS THE VALUE INCREASES IN THE SAME RATIO. Our stock of Goods is all new and in good order. The quality of the Goods is better than those used by any other concern in the country. We are of the opinion that, after reading the above advertisement, some parties will come to the conclusion that they have been severely swindled by some of the bogus gift concerns in this city.

We cannot offer to the person sending us the largest amount of money for a month a gift of money or watches, as that is a Violation of the Law against Lotteries; but in addition to the above liberal terms, we will sell to any one who may send us $10, eleven articles from our exchange list, all to be sent in one order; and for $20 we will send twenty two articles from our exchange list, all to be sent in one order.

☞Money sent by Registered Letters or by a Postal Money Order, or Draft at our risk. CATALOGUES SENT TO ANY ADDRESS.

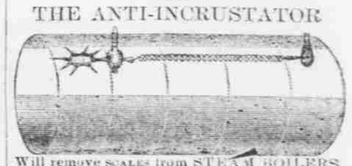
P. S. Will agents please notify us what firms have agents in their town or city, and receive our most sincere thanks.

THOS. L. FENNO & CO.,
Nos. 52 & 54 Elm st., Boston, Mass.

LAWRENCEVILLE
FEMALE SEMINARY,
LAWRENCEVILLE, NEW JERSEY.
THE NEXT SESSION will commence on Sept 10th. Send for circular.
C. W. NASSAU, Principal.

A First Class
Boarding School for Young Ladies,
IN connection with the STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, Trenton, N. J. Total charges, including board, tuition and books, $225 a year. For Circular with full particulars apply to
JOHN S. HART, Principal.

AMERICAN
Anti-Incrustation Company's Office,
No. 147 SOUTH FOURTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
THE ANTI-INCRUSTATOR



Will remove SCALES from STEAM BOILERS and keep them CLEAN, render the Boiler less liable to EXPLOSION, AND CAUSING A GREAT SAVING OF FUEL.

These INSTRUMENTS have been in SUCCESSFUL use during the last TWO YEARS in many of the LARGE ESTABLISHMENTS of Philadelphia and other parts of the United States, from which the MOST FLATTERING TESTIMONIALS of their WONDERFUL SAVING OF FUEL AND LABOR have been received.

☞PARTIES having BOILERS would do well to call at the office and examine testimonials, etc. JOHN FAREIRA, Pres't.
EZRA LUKENS, Sec'y and Treas. [jn 4. 3m.

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LEAD PIPE,
SHEET & BAR LEAD MANUFACTURERS
ALSO,
Pig Lead, Iron Pipe, Rubber Hose,
Steam Gauges, Whistles and Valves,
Iron and Copper Sinks and Bath Tubs,
Steam Pumps, Farm Pumps and Force Pumps,
And every description of goods for
WATER, GAS & STEAM.
No. 167 SMITHFIELD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞Send for a Price List. [apr.23.-1y.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers at Private Sale his FARM, situate in Chest township, Cambria county, 4 miles from Carrolltown and 6 miles from Chest Springs. The Farm consists of 65 ACRES, of which 20 Acres are cleared and in a good state of cultivation. The balance of the land is well timbered with marketable lumber. There is a comfortable Frame House and a Barn on the premises, besides a young and thrifty orchard of choice fruit trees. There are also a never-failing spring of pure water and other conveniences on the land. The property will be sold on fair terms and an indisputable title will be given. For further information apply to N. D. EASTMAN.
Chest Tp., July 9, 1868. tf.

THE FREEMAN.

THURSDAY, : : : AUG. 20, 1868.

Democratic County Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Democracy of Cambria county, for the ratification of the National, State and County nominations, will take place on TUESDAY EVENING, SEPT. 8th, 1868, at the Court House, in Ebensburg. All Conservative and Democratic citizens are earnestly requested to attend and hear the great principles involved in the coming election discussed. The public debt is constantly increasing. The public credit is deteriorating. The burthens loaded upon all industrial pursuits are paralyzing their efforts for success. The laboring man is ground down with multiplied taxation. White men are disfranchised, while negroes are made voters and elevated to office and power by unconstitutional Congressional enactments. Negro Bureaus and large standing armies are kept up in time of peace to destroy your liberties and eat out your substance. Let the people arise in their might and hurl these unprincipled demagogues from power, who are fast overthrowing our system of government, ruining our people, and destroying our liberties. Come to the meeting, and from this hour until the campaign closes with victory let our motto be ACTION, ACTION!

By order of the County Committee.

H. D. WOODRUFF, Chairman.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

EDITORIALITIES, LOCAL AND GENERAL.—Our Johnstown letter was not received until Tuesday night, and as a consequence we have been forced to condense its details.

The hand that can make a pie is a continual feast to the husband that marries it. The rule, however, don't hold good in printing offices.

The total number of emigrants who passed over the Pennsylvania Railroad from the 1st day of January to the 31st day of July, is given at 17,103.

Governor Geary has pardoned James McQuown, recently sentenced to the Penitentiary for a period of five years, for the killing of Geo. Shields in Indiana county.

We have received a letter from 'On board Steamship Boston, nearing Liverpool," but owing to its extreme length we are forced to postpone its publication until next week.

A lad named Fleming had the flesh on one of his legs badly lacerated at Latrobe, on Monday night week, by having it caught between the bumpers of two freight cars.

A new musical furore has broken out among the young ladies in this vicinity, many of them having become attached to brass bands—which they wear on their heads.

Studies will be resumed at St. Francis' College, Loretto, on Monday, August 31st. They were commenced at St. Aloysius' Seminary, same place, on Tuesday of the present week.

Raccoons are said to be unusually plentiful in this neighborhood just now, and their nightly depredations in the corn-fields are of a nature anything but pleasant to the owners thereof.

James Appleton, Esq., of Philadelphia, who, in connection with his brother, excavated the Old Portage Railroad tunnel, died at Brooklyn, N. Y., on the 11th inst., in the 72d year of his age.

Our next door neighbor, M. L. Oatman, is having the front of his store-room handsomely lettered. Martin is an enterprising, wide-awake business man, and we are glad to know that he is prospering, as he certainly deserves to do.

Our Radical friends in this vicinity have recognized "the eternal fitness of things" by electing as one of the Vice-Presidents of their Grant Club a man who can "talk horse" with as much facility as Useless Hiram himself. Bully for them!

A young man picking whortleberries on the North Mountain, Huntingdon county, on the 4th inst., was chased by a wolf. The next day a party visited the spot, found the animal's den, and killed two young wolves, but the old one escaped.

One of the latest and least commendable institutions of Ebensburg is a Grant Club. After the election one of the earliest and most commendable institutions of our town will be an Emi-Grant Club, with the head waters of Salt river as its destination.

A painful rumor prevailed here last week to the effect that a family of seven persons had been murdered in Clearfield township. It is difficult to say what gave rise to the report, but we are glad to say that it was altogether without foundation in fact.

Just after dinner on Tuesday our citizens were startled by the cry of "Fire!" but before the greater portion of them reached the scene the flames were subdued. The fire had been communicated from the flue to the roof of the residence of F. A. Tierney, Esq., in the west end of town, but only done trifling damage before it was overcome.

In view of Hiram Ulysses' predilections for terpsichorean amusements, as manifested on a certain memorable occasion in Washington city, it is eminently just and proper that a Grant Club should be supplied with a *Piper*, so that "the ball can go on" at any time that distinguished, and shortly to be extinguished, *artiste* feels disposed to "trip the light fantastic toe."

Rev. B. M. Kerr, pastor of the Presbyterian church of this place, announces through our paper to-day his intention to open a Select High School for Young Ladies, in the Academy building here, on Tuesday, Sept. 1st. Mr. Kerr is a teacher of large experience and eminent capacity, and will not fail in his duty to all pupils who may be committed to his charge.

During the progress of an amateur—very amateur—game of base ball on Friday, a bat flew from the hands of one of the players, and after redounding from the ground, struck a little son of Mr. John Lloyd on the side of the face and temple, and injured him so much that it was feared congestion of the brain would result the same night. The little fellow is now, however, out of danger and doing well.

An extempore club of base ballists, made up of visitors to the Cresson Springs, accompanied by a long cavalcade of "fair ladies and brave men," came to our town on Wednesday for the purpose of participating in a friendly contest with the knights of the bat and ball here. They did participate, but not to a very alarming extent, as the score stood at the end of the game: Mountaineers 65; Muffins 30.

The O'Hara pic-nic, held on Wednesday last, was an agreeable and most successful affair—nothing whatever being wanted to conduce to the enjoyment of the occasion.—We have not learned the amount realized, but rumor says it will not fall much short of $500. A handsome benefit for a worthy object. To Mr. Sam'l O'Hara, more than to any other one man, is due the credit of bringing about this gratifying result.

A young man named Delozier, of Clearfield township, was accidentally shot, not long since, by a pistol in his own hands.—How it was done we can't conceive, but we are told that the ball passed through one of his arms in two places, below and above the elbow, and entered his breast, passing up along the ribs and lodging against the collar bone. The ball was extracted, and the injured man is doing well.

Ebensburg boasts a Grant Club, just fledged. We don't know whether it is a hurrahing club or a musical club, but most probably the latter, as it has a *Piper* on its list of officers. No talking is to be allowed at its meetings, we believe, out of respect for the dumb candidate in whose behalf the club has been organized; nor will any member be admitted without a cigar in his mouth, even if he is otherwise sound to the core on the Radical goose.

The Radicals hereaways formed a Grant Club at the Court House on Saturday night last, and as this is comparatively the strongest hold that party has in the county, we doubt not that each ringing of the bell, and it was rang some three or four times, brought not less than that number of the faithful to the meeting. We believe the officers were principally obtained without drawing on the "Boys in Blue," who seem to have been "drawed on" about as far as they are willing to go with the Radical destructionists.

James C. Easly, Esq., of Carrolltown, had the misfortune to be thrown from a buggy in this place, on Saturday evening last, in consequence of the seat, which was not fastened to the vehicle, capsizing while turning one of our street corners. Mr. Easly fell between the buggy and the wheel, and was carried around by the wheel, receiving painful injuries on the back and hip and several ugly scratches on the face. He recovered sufficiently in a couple of hours to be taken to his home, where he is still confined to his bed but gradually recovering.

BASE BALL EXTRAORDINARY!—There was a fearful excitement on the Ebensburg base ball grounds on Thursday. A number of very interesting matches had already been played here during the season. When the Johnstown club played the Mountaineers the excitement was (Kicken)appalling, and the hot Mufflins from Cresson made warm work. But all other games were as nought compared with the one played on this occasion.

Early in the day the "Lummix," a club expressly *improvised* for the occasion, many of the members of which had never been beaten at this or any other game, challenged the Mountaineers to a match game upon their own grounds, which challenge WAS ACCEPTED!

The game was not to commence until two o'clock, but long before that hour an immense concourse of people had arrived upon the ground. The array of "brave women and fair men" has rarely been equalled.—Disregardless of age, or sex, or rank, or condition, or color—on came the crowd. Even those whose who had been wounded on former fields, and those whom age or disease had rendered infirm, were brought to the field on ambulances. In short, every body was there, waiting with breathless anxiety the opening of the *ball!*

At precisely the hour of 2 o'clock, 7 minutes and 45 seconds the Umpire arrived upon the scene with his *staff*, and was the "observed of all observers." Though somewhat paler than usual, there was nothing remarkable about his appearance. A chair being provided, he sat down with as much *non chalence* as if he were about to enjoy a Havana.

But the agony of suspense is over—the game is commenced. I cannot, dearest *Freeman*, follow its details; suffice it to say it was painfully scientific. It soon became apparent that a portion of the "Lummix" had been practising in the early part of the day, and had taken several "flies." It was even said that one of them had caught a "fowl" for dinner. They judiciously placed Scantling in the centre of the field, while Ceasly sat to the right in the field, with a copy of *Fielding*, studying the game. A Philadelphia member after the first inning retired on a moderate competence. Yorick Hobermann aided the running by seizing his runners by the collar and running them round, for which a double track had been laid.

There was some admirable playing. Segil displayed uncommon activity, and during the game caught a ball, which was considered *accidental*. The "short stop" always stopped short of the mark, while Secular strove always to catch the ball when the *Secular* arm could not reach it.

On the second inning Hobermann went out on a *bat*-ter, while Caytell was most *foul*-ly and *base*-ly was ruled out by the Umpire.

The experience of the Mountaineers, however, triumphed over the enterprise of the Lummixes and they were flummixed. While each inning of the Mountaineers was productive of sundry scores, the *outings* of the Lummixes were accomplished with incredible facility; and at the end of the fifth inning the game was called—*and came*.

The best feeling prevailed throughout. At the close Kink-head of the Lummix club presented the ball with a few appropriate remarks, which were briefly responded to by the Vally and Captain of the Mountaineers.

The air was then rent with cheers for each of the clubs, and for the Umpire, R. L. Johnston, Esq., of the *Freeman*, for the dignified and impartial manner with which he had filled his high trust. And thus ended the game. When the *ball* is opened again, "may I be there to see." MACSHANE.

DEMOCRATIC CLUB MEETING.—On Saturday evening, 15th inst., a meeting of the Democratic and Conservative citizens of Chest Springs Borough was held for the purpose of organizing a Seymour and Blair Club, at which the following officers were chosen:

President—J. E. McKenzie.

Vice Presidents—John Wagoner and John McFeely.

Secretary—A. Will.

Corresponding Secretary—George Davis.

From the feeling prevailing here it is evident that Chest Springs will do its duty in the approaching Presidential Campaign. It is intended that able speakers, from a distance, will be invited to address the citizens of this place. IAGO.

"THE GOOD TIME COMING."—As probably the last out-door festival of the present summer, we announce a grand pic-nic at St. Augustine on Tuesday next, 25th inst., on behalf of the handsome church edifice at that place. Of course there will be no end to the pleasant enjoyment and rich feasting afforded by our genial, whole-souled friends at St. Augustine on this occasion, and every one who visits the pic-nic may expect abundant creature comforts and ample enjoyment of a social, agreeable and innocent character.—Go by all means, and put in a day of real genuine recreation among those who know how to do the agreeable most effectually.

STILL ANOTHER.—We notice elsewhere, as probably the last of the season, a pic-nic to be held at St. Augustine, but have since learned that there is still another to be given at Loretto two days later. Those who appreciate enjoyment of so pleasant a nature may as well finish up the work by participating with our Loretto friends on Thursday next, 27th inst., as it is for a deserving purpose. The finest grove in the county is to be the scene of this festival, and those who have the matter in hand will see that all visitors shall be made happy.

PUBLIC ATTENTION is invited to "HOUSEHOLD GAS MACHINE" advertisement in this issue by David Jones, Phila. This Machine commends itself to public favor.

Local Correspondence.

JOHNSTOWN, Aug. 17, 1868.

Dear Freeman—An intoxicated German in the First Ward, named Henry Ritz, assaulted his wife one day last week with the evident intention of killing her, but was prevented by some of his neighbors. Arrested and sent to your place for trial.

A lady named Reed came here Saturday evening in search of her runaway husband, who she alleged deserted and left her almost penniless in Philadelphia about a year ago, and has been leading her on a "wild goose chase" about the country ever since.

A gay and festive female was arrested in Conemaugh borough, Wednesday, for disorderly conduct on the streets. When taken before the Burgess refused to give her name, but on being asked if she knew any one here said a certain prominent citizen "had brought her to town and could take her away." Kept in lock-up until Friday morning, and then released.

A very large Democratic meeting on Saturday night last. Capt. Woodruff and Mr. Jacob Zimmerman made excellent speeches. Much enthusiasm prevailed.

The public schools of this borough will open on Monday, Sept. 17th.

The mason work for the new iron bridge over the Stony Creek, on the site of the wooden structure swept away last summer, has been completed.

The C. I. Co.'s new steel mill is progressing rapidly towards completion.

The German Lutheran congregation have had their old church building pulled down, and will soon commence the erection of a more commodious edifice.

Rev. B. L. Agnew, formerly of the Presbyterian church here, has been spending a few days with his many friends in this locality. He looks well.

The notorious infidel, Carl Schurz, who spoke of the Supreme Being as "the ideal gentleman beyond the skies, called by some people God," is to address his Radical friends in this place on Wednesday, 26th inst. A worthy champion of a bad cause.

The old wooden bridge over the Conemaugh river, connecting Millville and Cambria boroughs, has been taken away to give place to a new iron structure which is being erected by the Cambria Iron Co.

Yours, &c., WISP.

SOMETHING NEW.—Prof. J. B. Andrews, of Philadelphia, is visiting Johnstown for the purpose of giving instructions in his new, short and simple Methods of Addition and Multiplication, and their application to Interest, Banking and Partial Payments.

He guarantees teaching to add several columns and to multiply by several figures at once with as much ease and accuracy as by the common method.

His rules for Interest, Banking and Partial Payments are the shortest and simplest ever discovered.

He has been very successful in teaching his methods in the different cities and towns that he has visited throughout the country, and he comes highly recommended. His terms are moderate. He takes no fees in advance, and gives full satisfaction, or makes no charge. We are authorized to say that he gives instructions to ladies and teachers at a *reduced fee*.

SUCCESSFUL.—One of the most successful business men in this community is Mr. Geo. Huntley, who is seldom idle notwithstanding the stagnation in business circles everywhere. This success can only be accounted for by the fact that in his stock is to be found such articles as are needed in every household, on every farm, and in every workshop, and the further fact that he is a liberal, accommodating and enterprising dealer. Such men deserve success, and we trust our readers will liberally patronize Mr. H.

ATTENTION!—Attention is invited to the Singer Sewing Machine advertisement in our paper to-day, and particular attention is invited to the fact that our neighbor, Mr. C. T. Roberts, is agent for the sale of these justly celebrated Machines, as well as for the Grover & Baker and Howe Sewing Machines—three of the best makes, by all odds, before the public. Go and examine them, and judge of their respective merits.

"THE MORE A MAN LIVES THE LONGER HE FINDS OUT."—Nothing that we know of confirms the above sage conclusion more forcibly than the fact that every day hosts of people are discovering the fact that the store of R. R. Davis is the one at which to buy the right kind of goods at the right kind of prices. The closing out sale of summer goods is very attractive at this establishment just now. Go and buy.

PASSING AWAY.—The last of the summer months has almost run its course, and as the time will soon be around for laying in a stock of goods for the fall trade, buyers will find it to their advantage to call just now at H. A. Shoemaker & Co.'s cheap store, where all goods are being sold at the very lowest figures in order to make room for other goods suitable to the approaching season.

V. S. B.—There is nothing cabalistic about these three letters. They simply stand as the initials for "Very Sure Bargains" to "Very Sensible Buyers" at "V.S. Barker's," and you may depend upon it there is more truth than poetry in this rendering of their meaning. No better stock of goods than Barker's is kept in Ebensburg, and no better bargains can be had anywhere.

DUTY.—It is a duty we owe to ourselves as well as to those dependant upon us to lay up something for old age, and this can only be done by living economically while young. One of the surest methods of practising economy is to buy your dry goods and groceries at Thompson's famous cheap store on High street, where the best of everything is sold at very low prices.

OUR METROPOLIS.—What New York is to the country Johnstown is to Cambria county, and what Stewart's establishment is to New York Meyer's store is to Johnstown. The largest, the best, the most varied and cheapest stock of ladies' dress and millinery goods outside of city limits can be found at Meyer's emporium, Parke's Hall, Main street, Johnstown.

DOING GOOD.—Clothing the naked is one of the seven corporal works of mercy, and the one which L. Cohen & Bro., of the great New York Clothing Hall, Johnstown, are specially prepared to perform to the entire satisfaction of all men and boys who desire to be cheaply, comfortably and fashionably clad in the best of garments.

ITS GOOD EFFECTS ARE PERMANENT.—In this it differs from all hair dyes. By its use luxurient growth is guaranteed, natural color and gloss are restored. One trial will cause you to say this of Mrs. S. A ALLEN'S IMPROVED (*new style*) HAIR RESTORER or DRESSING, (*in one bottle.*) Every Druggist sells it. Price One Dollar. [aug.13.1m.

GEO M. READE, Esq., has removed to his fine new law office, in the building recently erected by him on Centre street, from High.

LITERARY.

"THE WAR BETWEEN THE STATES, ITS CAUSES, CHARACTER, CONDUCT AND RESULTS," by Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, is the title of a valuable work just issued by the National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

Histories of the late civil war have sprung up like mushrooms, and they can now be numbered almost by hundreds. All who are desirous of arriving at a correct understanding of the causes, and a clear history of the events of the late lamentable war, have felt the want of a reliable history of the same from a Southern standpoint, by some representative man of the South. This want is about to be supplied by Alexander H. Stephens. Mr. Stephens was a most earnest protestant against rebellion, and only succumbed at the last moment, when his State, in spite of his warning, committed the great error.

The bare announcement that this distinguished statesman had determined to write a book, would, of itself, be sufficient to kindle a lively and wide-spread interest in all sections of the country; but when it is known that he has chosen as his theme one so fruitful as the late American War, the absorbing interest of the subject, together with the evident and singular fitness of the author for its treatment, unite in awakening a curiosity entirely unparalleled in the annals of American literature.

It presents a careful political analysis of the past, separating *real* from *apparent* causes of the late unhappy conflict, and gives those interior lights and shadows of the great war, only known to those high officers who watched the flood-tide of revolution from its fountain springs, and which were so accessible to Mr. Stephens from his position as second officer of the Confederacy.

To a public that has been surfeited with *apparently similar productions*, it presents a change of fare, both agreeable and salutary, and an intellectual treat of the highest order. The Great American War has *at last* found a historian worthy of its importance, and at whose hands it receives that moderate, candid and impartial treatment which truth and justice so urgently demand.

This most valuable work is sold only by subscription, and the publishers want an agent in every county.

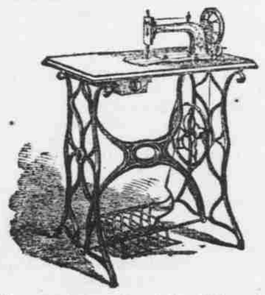
WHO SHALL BE PRESIDENT?—The Phrenological Journal for September contains all the Presidential Candidates—Grant, Colfax, Seymour and Blair, with Portraits and concise Sketches of Biography and Character. Also, Hon. Anson Burlingame, the Chinese Minister; Franz Listz, the composer; Arminius Vambery, the Oriental Traveler; John H. Littlefield, artist. Who are the Yankees? Use Legs and have Legs; A Key Thought; the Development Theory defined; Our Daily Lectures; A New Class in Practical Phrenology; Finding a Situation; A perfect Church on Earth—Is it possible? Only 30 cents, or $3 a year. $1.50 for half a year. Address, S. R. Wells, 389 Broadway, N. Y.

HARRISBURG PATRIOT.—Under the management of the new proprietors, Messrs. B. F. Meyers & Co., this sound and efficient Democratic daily paper has taken its place in the front rank of American journalism, and we are glad to say that it is being properly appreciated all over the country. It is a honor to the Democratic party and a credit to the capital of our Commonwealth, and as such deserves the support of every Democrat who can afford to subscribe for either its daily or weekly issue. We heartily commend it to our readers.

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY for September, prompt to time as usual, and full of good things to overflowing for the ladies. "Maude Estvaring" is worthy of the perusal of every mother. Its Fashions, Music, Literature, Fun, Art, Household (we can not enumerate half its good things), render it the most attractive and useful Monthly published for a family. You need to see it to know its value. $3 yearly. Address, W. Jennings Demorest, 473 Broadway, N. Y.

OUR NEW FAMILY

SEWING MACHINE!!



The superior merits of the "Singer" Machines over all others, either for Family use or Manufacturing purposes, are so well established and so generally admitted, that an enumeration of their relative excellences is no longer considered necessary.

OUR NEW FAMILY MACHINE,

which has been brought to perfection regardless of time, labor, or expense, is now confidently presented to the public as incomparably the BEST SEWING MACHINE IN EXISTENCE.

The machine in question is SIMPLE, COMPACT, DURABLE and BEAUTIFUL. It is quiet, light running, and CAPABLE OF PERFORMING A RANGE AND VARIETY OF WORK never before attempted upon a single Machine, using either Silk, Twist, Linen or Cotton Thread, and sewing with equal facility the very finest and coarsest materials, and anything between the two extremes, in the most beautiful and substantial manner. Its attachments for Hemming, Braiding, Cording, Tucking, Quilting, Felling, Trimming, Binding, &c., are NOVEL and PRACTICAL, and have been invented and adjusted especially for this Machine.

New designs of the Unique, Useful and Popular Folding Tops and Cabinet Cases, peculiar to the Machines manufactured by this Company, have been prepared for enclosing the new Machine.

A faint idea, however, can at best be conveyed through the medium of a (necessarily) limited advertisement; and we therefore urge every person in quest of a Sewing Machine by all means to examine and test, if they can possibly do so, all the leading rival Machines before making a purchase. A selection can then be made understandingly. Branches or agencies for supplying the "Singer" Machines will be found in nearly every city and town throughout the civilized world, where Machines will be cheerfully exhibited and any information promptly furnished. Or communications may be addressed to

The Singer Manufacturing Company,

458 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

PHILADELPHIA OFFICE, 1106 CHESTNUT STREET.

☞C. T. ROBERTS, Agent for Ebensburg and vicinity, keeps these Machines constantly for sale at his store on High street. The public are respectfully invited to call and see them in operation. Instructions given free. Machines sold at city prices. NO FREIGHT CHARGED. Also, Singer's Needles, Oil, Silk and Cotton always on hand. [aug 20.-1y.

10.000 PRIME CIGARS just received at M. L. Oatman's, one door east of "Freeman" office. Also, a large stock of the best brands of Chewing Tobacco. Cigars at wholesale prices.

WARRANTED CHEAPEST AND BEST!—To Farmers, Express Companies, Stage Proprietors, Livery Establishments and all who use Horses: DR. TOBIAS' VENETIAN HORSE LINIMENT, in Pint Bottles, at One Dollar, for the cure of Lameness, Scratches, Wind Galls, Sprains, Bruises, Splints, Galls, Cuts, Colic, Slipping Stifle, Overheating, Sore Throat, Nail in the Foot, &c.

All who own or employ horses are assured that this Liniment will do all and more than is stated in curing the above named complaints. During twenty years it has never failed to give satisfaction in a single instance. Sold by the Druggists. Depot, 55 Cortlendt Street, New York. July 30, 1868.-1m.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

PHYSICIANS AND CLERGYMEN Testify to its merits in restoring GRAY HAIR to its original color and promoting its growth. It makes the hair soft and glossy. The old in appearance are made young again. It is the best

HAIR DRESSING

ever used. It removes Dandruff and all Scurvy Eruptions. It does not stain the skin.

Our Treatise on the Hair sent free by mail.

Bewore of the numerous preparations which are sold upon our reputation.

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H., Prop'rs.

For sale by all druggists. [aug.13.-1m.

LICENSE NOTICE.—The following persons have filed petitions for Tavern and Eating House Licenses in the Clerk's Office of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cambria county, which will be presented to the Judges of said Court on the first Monday of September next:

Tavern—Samuel Kennedy, Johnstown Bor., 4th ward; Joseph Shoop, Millville Borough.

Eating House—Geo. Heuser and A. Krause, 3d ward, Johnstown Bor.; John Belzner, Conemaugh Borough.

GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Clerk.

Ebensburg, Aug, 20, 1868.-3t.

FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale the FARM on which they now reside, situate in Allegheny township, Cambria county, within two miles of Loretto, (formerly owned by James McAteer,) containing ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY-SEVEN ACRES, more or less, 100 Acres of which are cleared—the balance well timbered. There is erected on the premises a good DWELLING HOUSE and splendid BARN, together with other necessary outbuildings, such as Blacksmith Shop, Corn Crib, Sheep House, &c.; also, an excellent ORCHARD of choice fruit. Title perfect. For terms apply on the premises to

B. & C. SHIELDS.

Loretto P. O., Aug. 20, 1868.-tf.

THE HOUSEHOLD GAS MACHINE,

FOR SUPPLYING

Dwellings, Stores, Factories, Churches and Public Buildings with Gas!

GENERATES GAS WITHOUT FIRE OR HEAT.

The simplicity and ease with which this Machine is managed, as also its economy and great merit, recommends it to public favor. Call and see machine in operation at the store.

MANUFACTURER AND SOLE AGENT,

DAVID JONES,

TIN FURNISHING STORE, No. 733 GREEN ST.,

Send for Illustrated Catalogue. PHILA.

August 20, 1868.-3m.

SELECT HIGH SCHOOL.

REV. B. M. KERR, A. M.,

PROPOSES opening a School for Young Ladies in the Academy Building, Ebensburg, on TUESDAY, SEPT. 1st, 1868.

Terms, One-half in Advance,

PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS (TWENTY WEEKS):

First Grade,..... $15.

Second " ..... 20.

Third " ..... 25.

No deduction for absence except in protracted illness.

The Trustees of the Academy have kindly consented to act as a Board of Trustees for this School. [Ebensburg, Aug. 20, 1868.-3t

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF CAMBRIA COUNTY.—Notice is hereby given that the following Appraisements of certain property of decedents, set apart for the widows of intestates, under Act of Assembly of the 14th April, 1851, have been filed in the Register's Office at Ebensburg, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court for approval on Wednesday, the 9th of September next, to wit:

Appraisement of real estate of John E. McDermitt, late of Chest twp., dec'd, set apart for the widow of said deceased.

Appraisement of certain personal property set apart for the widow of Thomas Kaylor, late of Allegheny township, deceased.

Appraisement of certain personal property set apart for the widow of George McGough, late of Clearfield township, deceased.

Appraisement of real estate set apart for the widow of Josiah R. Brown, deceased.

Appraisement of certain property set apart for the widow of John Baum, late of Susquehanna township, deceased.

Appraisement of certain personal property set apart for the widow of Wm. Charlton, late of Prospect borough, deceased.

JAMES GRIFFIN, Clerk.

Clerk's Office, Ebensburg, Aug. 20, 1868.3t.

TRIAL LIST.—List of Causes set down for trial at a Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, commencing on Monday, the 7th day of September next:

Bell	vs.	Swires et. al.
Storm	vs.	Penna. R. R. Co.
Cooper	vs.	Dunmyer, et. al.
White's Ex'r	vs.	Woodcock.
Same	vs.	Same.
Runnion	vs.	George.
Leidy's Adm'x	vs.	Simmons.
McMullen	vs.	Ivory.
Smith	vs.	Glasgow.
Hughes	vs.	Crum.
SECOND WEEK.		
M'Coy's Adm'rs	vs.	Litzinger.
Hoffman	vs.	Colclesser et. al.
Calvin et. al.	vs.	Burgoons.
Morley	vs.	Duncan.
Calvin	vs.	Noel et. al.
Altimus	vs.	Cooper.
Christy	vs.	Christy.
Rowley	vs.	McHugh et. al.
Robson	vs.	Cowan.
Lantzy	vs.	Hibsch et. al.
McKenzie	vs.	Mellow et. al.
Allison	vs.	Myers et. al.
Fronheiser et. al	vs.	Ribblett et. al.
Snyder et. al	vs.	Byrne et. al.
Starrick	vs.	Hubert.
Bloodgood's Ex'r	vs.	Morrison's Ex'r.
Trainer	vs.	M'Cabe.
Davis' Adm'r	vs.	Byrne et. al.
Milliken	vs.	Troxell et. al.
Easly	vs.	Christy et. al.
Nagle	vs.	Donegan et. al.
Walters' use	vs.	Slick.

GEO. C. K. ZAHM, Proth'y.

Prothy's Office, Ebensburg, Aug. 13, 1868.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue of a writ of Fi. Fa. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale at the Foster House, in Johnstown, on Saturday, the 5th day of November next, at 1 o'clock P. M., the following real estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of John Mincely, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in Conemaugh twp., Cambria county, fronting fifty feet on Main street and extending back one hundred and thirty feet to Township road, adjoining lot of Charles Wendle on the southwest, having thereon erected a two story plank house and blank stable, now in the occupancy of Levi Richard and John Yager. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Levi B. Cohick. JOHN A. BLAIR, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Aug. 20, 1868.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—By virtue of sundry writs of Vend. Expon. and Al Vend. Expon. issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House in Ebensburg, on Monday, the 7th day of September next, at 1 o'clock P. M., the following real estate, to wit:

All the right, title and interest of William Bradley, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situated in Washington twp., Cambria county, adjoining lands of Hugh O'Donnell, heirs of Edward Donaldson, and others, containing one acre, more or less, having thereon erected a one and a half story plank house and plank stable, now in the occupancy of the said Wm. Bradley. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of R. L. Johnston.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Thos. Downs, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in Millville borough, Cambria county, fronting on Cinder street, and extending back by an alley on the east to the Conemaugh river, and adjoining lot of Charles Schulz on the north, having thereon erected a two story plank house, now in the occupancy of the said Thos. Downs. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of R. & A. C. Duncan.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Mary Eigenbrod, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in Carrolltown borough, Cambria county, fronting sixty six feet on Main street, and extending back two hundred feet to an alley, adjoining lot of Albert Oswald on the north and an alley on the south, having thereon erected a two story frame house and frame stable, now in the occupancy of the said Mary Eigenbrod. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Peter Campbell.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Jacob Shoemaker, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situated in Richland township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Richard Berkeybile, Peter King, and others, containing sixty-four acres, more or less, about twenty acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a one and a half story log house and cabin barn, now in the occupancy of George Custer. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Elizabeth Slonaker.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Wm K. Piper, of, in and to four lots of ground situated in the Borough of Ebensburg, Cambria county, fronting on Centre street and extending back to the Public Square, having thereon erected a two story brick house and plank stable, now in the occupancy of the said Wm. K. Piper. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of A. M. & R. White, for use of Bancroft, Beaver & Co., now for use of Harry White, executor of Thomas White, dec'd.

Also, all the right, title and interest of John Keelan, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in Cambria borough, Cambria county, fronting forty feet on Broad street and extending back one hundred and thirty feet to an alley, adjoining lot of Andrew Myers on the north and lot of Francis Galliseth on the south, having thereon erected a two story plank house and two frame stables, now in the occupancy of the said John Keelan. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of G. W. Stutzman.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Jas. S. Ramsey, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in 6th ward, Johnstown, fronting sixty feet on Morris street and extending back one hundred and sixty-five feet to an alley, adjoining an alley on the east and lot of Eliza Butler on the west, having thereon erected a plank double house, with a one story kitchen attached, and frame stable, now in the occupancy of Anna Ramsey and Wm. J. Sprecher. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of H. B. Claflin & Co.

Also, all the right, title and interest of James Burk, of, in and to a tract of land situated in Richland township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of Christian Smay, Jeremiah McGonigle, Edward McGlade, and others, containing three hundred acres, more or less, about ninety acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected two one and a half story log houses and a log stable, now in the occupancy of Henry Allenbaugh and Jeremiah Barnes. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Robert L. Johnston.

Also, all the right, title and interest of John Keelan, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in Cambria borough, Cambria county, fronting fifty feet on Broad street and extending back to an alley, adjoining lot of John Bradley on the east and lot of John Keelan on the west, having thereon erected a two story plank house and plank stable, now in the occupancy of the said John Keelan. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of R. & A. C. Duncan.

Also, all the right, title and interest of John Thompson, Jr., of, in and to a lot of ground situated in the Borough of Ebensburg, Cambria county, fronting on the plank road, and adjoining lot of Mrs. Hutchinson on the north, Edward Davis on the east and Sample street on the south, having thereon erected a two story brick dwelling house, now in the occupancy of John Thompson, Jr. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of James Clifford, for use of John Fenlon, Esq.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Henry McDade, of, in and to a lot of ground situated in Gallitzin township, Cambria county, fronting on the New Portage Rail Road, adjoining land of George Yeakley on the north and lands of James M'Closkey on the south and east, containing one fifth of an acre, more or less, having thereon erected a one story plank house and plank stable, now in the occupancy of the said Henry McDade. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Henry Scanlan, Adm'r of Andrew Stuppy, dec'd, et. al.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Jacob Burgoon, of, in and to a piece or parcel of land situated in Washington township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of the heirs of Philip Noon, dec'd, heirs of Edward Donaldson, dec'd, and others, containing one hundred and ten acres, more or less, about fifty acres of which are cleared, having thereon erected a two story plank house, frame barn, and a coal bank, now in the occupancy of the said Jacob Burgoon.—Also, a piece or parcel of land situated in Washington township, Cambria county, adjoining lands of the heirs of Edward Donaldson, dec'd, heirs of Thomas Carroll, dec'd, and others, containing six acres, more or less, having thereon erected a one and a half story plank house, now in the occupancy of Andrew Stromer. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Cambria county.

JOHN A. BLAIR, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Aug. 20, 1868.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned, having been appointed Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county to report distribution of the money in the hands of Mathias Denny, Executor of Peter Denny, deceased, upon his first and final account, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of said appointment, at his office in the Borough of Ebensburg, on WEDNESDAY THE 2D DAY OF SEPTEMBER next, at 2 o'clock P. M., when and where all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased will present them for allowance, or be debarred from coming in for any share of said fund.

SAMUEL SINGLETON, Auditor.

Ebensburg, Aug. 13, 1868.-3t.

NOTICE.—To JANE MARTIN: Take notice that an inquest will be held at the late residence of David Abrams, late of Cambria township, Cambria county, Pa., deceased, on Monday, the 31st day of August next, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, for the purpose of making partition of the Real Estate of said deceased to and among his children and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling of the whole—otherwise to value and appraise the same; at which time and place you are requested to attend if you think proper.

JOHN A. BLAIR, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, July 30, 1868.-4t.

NOTICE.—To PETER B. BRUCE:—Take notice that an inquest will be held at the late dwelling house of George Bruce, late of Allegheny township, dec'd, on Monday the 17th day of August next, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of making partition of the Real Estate of said deceased to and among his children and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling of the whole—otherwise to value and appraise the same; at which time and place you are requested to attend if you think proper. JOHN A. BLAIR, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, July 30, 1868.

ROHRER'S WILD CHERRY

TONIC BITTERS

ARE THE

BEST IN USE!

USE ROHRER'S TONIC BITTERS,

The very best in the Market.

R. E. SELLERS & CO.,

No. 45 Wood St., opposite St. Charles Hotel.

Also, Entrance Nos. 102 & 104 Third St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

☞Wholesale Agents for the West.

For sale by A. A. BARKER for Ebensburg and vicinity. [je 11,'68.-1y.

ORDINANCES AND BY-LAWS passed by the Burgess and Council for the Borough of Loretto, Cambria county, Pa:

1st. If any person or persons, after legal notice given, shall gallop any horse, mare, colt or gelding within the Borough of Loretto, shall, upon conviction thereof, forfeit and pay two dollars for every such offence.

2d. Any person or persons engaged in a quarrel, fight or riot, or aiding, abetting or participating in quarrelling, fighting or rioting within the Borough of Loretto, shall, upon conviction thereof, forfeit and pay the sum of five dollars each for each and every such offence.

3d. Any person or persons intoxicated, and exhibiting himself or themselves in a disorderly manner within the Borough of Loretto, shall, upon conviction thereof, forfeit and pay the sum of two dollars each for every such off

New Star-Spangled Banner.

BY R. R. NUGENT, GRAFTON, ILL.

"All hail the flaunting lie."—N. Y. Tribune.

O, say can you see, since the war's deadly blight,
Our time-honored flag without sadly regretting
The fate of a people who sold their birthright,
And behold now the sun of their liberty setting?
And the tax we now pay (near two millions per day)
Gives proof that fanatics and tyrants bear sway;
While the Star-Spangled Banner in mockery waves
O'er bond holding tyrants and tax-ridden slaves.

The brave soldiers who fought amid trials so sore—
As they thought—for the old Constitution and Union,
And hoped they would see when their perils were o'er
The States all United in friendly communion;
But now they behold from our Union of old
Many States stricken out and by "niggers" controlled,
While the Star-Spang'ed Banner deridingly waves
O'er a country destroyed by fanatics and knaves.

O, what would our sires who for liberty bled,
Think to see their homes sunk in such vile degradation?
The South ruled with bayonets, powder and lead,
And the North under bonds of most galling taxation?
Could they rest in their graves while their children are slaves
To those shoulder-strapped tyrants and bond-holding knaves?
While the Star Spangled Banner doth tauntingly wave
O'er these war-blighted realms of liberty's grave.

The Black Mongrel's say they will force the States all
To accept "manhood suffrage" and "miscegenation;"
For without it they know that their party must fall,
And down go all hopes of our Mongrel "New Nation;"
And they know if they can't get old Useless S. Grant
To be their Dictator, their schemes must avaunt;
And the Star-Spangled Banner in truth may yet wave
O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

Reply to the Union Congressional Committee.

The Postmaster at Belleville, this county, having received a circular from Radical headquarters, requesting $7 for electioneering purposes, answers as follows:—*Lewistown Democrat.*

Most noble Committee, you note is at hand,
Setting forth that a pittance from me you demand;
Seven dollars the sum; it is not very great,
Considering the wealth and the size of the State.

You say you are very profoundly impressed
With the labor before you and it must be confessed,
To keep matters in trim will be quite a task.
Unless your file leader will give up his *Flask!*

But perhaps I am wandering away from the point,
'Tis the money you ask for to keep things in joint
Would a five-dollar bill on the Bank of Oil City
Be any use to you? It looks very pretty.

Besides I have got an old one-dollar bill
On a bank in New York State, I think at Fishkill,
It is very much soiled, but I'm told General Butler
Passed it off for tobacco on a blind Hebrew sutler.

Now that makes six dollars, and one dollar more
Just settles the bill, or pays up the score,
So to show that I'm *loil* and save you from disaster,
I tender you now a Joe Ritner shin-plaster.

The plaster is genuine; Stevens can tell
By the general appearance, the feel, or the smell;
It smells like a coon, it feels like a rag,
And it looks like the ghost of a stale oyster bag.

The next is a coin, the appearance is poor,
And I am not quite certain the metal is pure;
I should judge of a spoon shank some loafer did make it;
If you want to hire speakers Ben Butler will take it.

That makes up the sum, seven dollars in full,
Pray don't come back soon for another such pull,
For I don't want to pay any more for such *kash;*
If my money will suit what's your discount for cash?

Truly "loil" P. M.

BELLEVILLE, PA.

LARGE INCREASE OF THE NATIONAL DEBT IN JULY.—The official statement of the public debt has just been published.

It shows an increase, during the month of July, of *thirteen million, two hundred and fifty-eight thousand, five hundred and ninety-three dollars, and ninety three cents.*

What has become of all the money raised by taxation?

How has it been squandered?

To what purposes has it been applied?

The debt has constantly increased for months.

Is that to continue?

Are the people to be taxed as they now are for all time to come; and never to see the debt reduced or paid off?

When will we see economy practiced by the Government?

When will some wise financial system be adopted?

How long are we to endure the rule of the set of thieves and public plunderers, who are expending all the money wrung from the toil and sweat of the masses, and constantly increasing the debt?

The people are asking themselves these questions.

There can be but one answer to them.

Not until the Radicals are turned out of power will there be a change.

Let the tax-ridden masses remember that when they go to vote.—*Lanc. Int.*

THE Grant family have been unfortunate. Hiram lost his name at an early age. His father Jesse failed in a cotton speculation. His brother Orville sunk twenty thousand dollars in leather. The family record will be completed in November next, says the Brooklyn *Eagle*, by Ulysses suffering "a total collapse."

THE PUBLIC DEBT.

THE SHARE OF EACH COUNTY IN PENNSYLVANIA, AND THE INTEREST THEREON.

The following table setting forth the *pro rata* share of the public debt, and of the yearly interest thereon, to be paid by each county in this State, has been prepared with much care, and may be considered reliable.

It is admitted by statisticians of all parties, that the debt of the United States is, at present, at least $3,000,000,000. Some persons, Thaddeus Stevens among the number, put it above these figures. Pennsylvania's share of the $3,000,000,000, is estimated at *one-sixth* of the whole, or $500,000,000. Upon this basis, the fairness of which will not be disputed, the following table has been calculated:

COUNTIES.	Each county's share of the principal of the public debt.	Each county's share of the interest of public debt yearly.
Adams,	$1,817,032	$289,021.92
Allegheny,	30,741,682	1,844,197 92
Armstrong,	6,157,084	369,425 04
Beaver,	5,012,080	300,724 80
Bedford,	4,598,592	275,815.52
Berks,	16,136,696	968,201.76
Blair,	4,786,588	287,195.28
Bradford,	8,283,241	496,996.28
Bucks,	10,935,416	656,124 96
Butler,	6,122,168	367,330 08
Cambria,	5,014,660	300,879.60
Carbon,	3,515,676	217,660.56
Chester,	12,826,516	669,590.96
Centre,	4,634,000	278 600.00
Clarion,	4,297,936	257,876.16
Clinton,	3,048,366	182 901.76
Clearfield,	2 236,548	164,192 88
Columbia,	4,311,180	248,670.80
Crawford,	6,980,360	419.368.00
Cumberland,	4,896,856	418,811.36
Dauphin,	8,072,632	483,321.92
Delaware,	5,252,984	315,179.04
Erie,	8,503,204	510,192.24
Elk,	1,817,580	61,042 80
Fayette,	6,864,848	411,860 88
Franklin,	7.245,672	434,740 32
Fulton,	1,570,582	94 231.92
Forest,	158,456	9 507 36
Greene,	4,186,909	251,219.76
Huntingdon,	4,833,200	289,992.60
Indiana,	5,794,664	347,679.84
Jefferson,	3,142,440	188,546 40
Juniata,	2 921,592	185,292.52
Lancaster,	20,006,008	1,200 360.48
Lawrence,	3,956,828	237,349.68
Lebanon,	5,474,952	328,495 92
Lehigh,	7,525,516	451,530.96
Luzerne,	15,511,968	930,718.08
Lycoming,	6 432,623	385,957.68
Mercer,	6,339,232	380,353 92
M'Kean,	1,423,648	85,408 88
Mifflin,	2,810,480	168,628.80
Monroe,	2,882,376	172,942.56
Montgomery,	12,116,000	726,960.00
Montour,	2,245,116	134,706.96
Northampton,	8,239,488	494,299.28
Northumberland,	4,986,624	299,107.44
Perry,	3,020,796	265,247.76
Philadelphia,	97,270,988	5,836,259 28
Pike,	1,230 660	73,830.60
Potter,	1,972,840	118,370.48
Schuylkill,	15,395,720	923,743.20
Snyder,	2,586,020	155,161 20
Somerset,	4,605,818	276,349.08
Sullivan,	969,564	58,173.84
Susquehanna,	4,237,954	874,275.44
Tioga,	6,339,568	320,371.08
Union,	2,432,490	145,967.40
Venango,	4,307,896	258,473.76
Warren,	3,300,580	198,040.80
Washington,	8,294,460	497,667.60
Wayne,	5,545,108	332,706.48
Westmoreland,	9,242,592	554,555.52
Wyoming,	2,166,880	129,412.80
York,	11,730,460	703,824.00

It should be remembered that this does not include pensions, bounties, and debts of a similar description. Is it not amazing to contemplate the sums which are gathered from the people, year after year, simply to pay the interest on this debt? People often complain of their county and State taxes, but in hardly any county in the Commonwealth do these amount to one-tenth of the interest actually paid on the public debt each year by the people of such county. It is true this interest is not all collected from the people by a direct tax; that part of it which is so collected *is raised by duties on articles of meat, drink and apparel, which are invariably paid by the consumer.* Hence the high prices of the necessaries of life, and "the grinding of the faces of the poor." And this interest, mark you, must be paid in gold, which adds 40 cents to every dollar of it. This is a subject worthy of the attention of every man, for if this land of ours is ever again to be one of prosperity, this load must be lifted from the shoulders of the people.

JOHN RANDOLPH'S BLACK COLONY.—The fairest experiment on any scale of magnitude that has been made in this country to test the capability of a negro community to maintain itself, was the notable one made by the celebrated John Randolph, of Roanoke, who, by his will, emancipated a considerable number of his slaves, who were subsequently settled on good land in the free State of Ohio. The latest mention of these negroes we find in the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, and it comes from a gentleman who resided for some time near John Randolph's colony of blacks. His statement is that the original settlers were extra intelligent negroes; that they were established on farms, having good houses and fences, and well stocked with domestic animals and implements and requirements; that their condition was better than that of the small, even moderate farmers of the neighborhood, but now what remains of them and their descendants are sunk into a state of barbarism, shunned by their neighbors, except the Quakers, who still extend charity to and communicate with them; that their houses are dilapidated, their fences rotted down, their fields grown up in briars, and their animals and implements long since gone.

AN ANDERSONVILLE PICTURE.—The Radicals ought to get out another edition of the miserable daub of a caricature which they circulated in this State two years ago. That represented our prisoners starving in Andersonville prison. Another is needed now with Joe Brown, the former landlord of the place, since a delegate to Chicago and a Radical candidate for U. S. Senator, in the foreground. He should be pictured in the act of reading Grant's order to stop the exchange of prisoners. It would be a truthful and effective campaign document. Won't they please to let us have it?

The National Democratic and Conservative Soldiers' and Sailors' Platform.

1 Immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union under the Constitution, and of civil government to the American people.

2. Amnesty for all past political offenses, and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens.

3 Payment of the public debt of the United States as rapid as practicable; all moneys drawn from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of the government, economically administered, being honestly applied to such payment, and where the obligations of the government do not expressly state upon their face, or the law under which they were issued does not provide that they shall be paid in coin, they ought, in right and in justice, be paid in the lawful money of the United States. (Thunders of applause.)

4. Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, including government bonds, and other public securities. (Renewed cheering and cries of "read it again.")

5 One currency for the government and the people, the laborer and the officeholder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bondholder. (Great cheering and cries of "read it again.") The fifth resolution was again read, and again cheered

6. Economy in the administration of the government; the reduction of the standing army and navy; the abolition of the Freedmen's Bureau (great cheering,) and all politica instrumentalities designed to secure negro supremacy; simplification of the system, and discontinuance of inquisitorial assessing and collecting internal revenue, so that the burden of taxation may be equalized and lessened, the credit of the government and the currency made good, the repeal of all enactments for enrolling the State militia into national forces in time of peace, and a tariff for revenue upon foreign imports, and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford incidental protection to domestic manufactures, and as will, without imparing the revenue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

7. Reform of abuses in the administration, the expulsion of corrupt men from office, the abrogation of useless offices; the restoration of rightful authority to, and independence of, the executive and judicial departments of the government; the subordination of the military to the civil power, to the end that the usurpations of Congress and the despotism of the sword may cease.

8. Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native-born citizens at home and abroad; the assertion of American nationality which shall command the respect of foreign powers and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty and individual rights; and the maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance, and the claims of foreign powers to punish them for alleged crime committed beyond their jurisdiction. (Applause.)

In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the Radical party for its disregard of right, and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its career.

After the most solemn and unanimous pledge of both houses of Congress to prosecute the war exclusively for the maintenance of the government and the preservation of the Union under the Constitution, it has violated that most sacred pledge under which alone was rallied that noble volunteer army which carried our flag to victory.

Instead of restoring the Union, it has, so far as in its power, dissolved it, and subjected ten States, in time of profound peace, to military despotism and negro supremacy. It has nullified there the right of trial by jury; it has abolished the HABEAS CORPUS—that most sacred writ of liberty; it has overthrown the freedom of speech and the press; it has substituted arbitrary seizures and arrests, and military trials, and secret star chamber inquisitions for the constitutional tribunals; it has disregarded in time of peace the right of the people to be free from searches and seizures; it has entered the post and telegraph offices, and even the private rooms of individuals, and seized their private papers and letters without any specific charge or notice of affidavit, as required by the organic law; it has converted the American Capitol into a bastile; it has established a system of spies and official espionage to which no constitutional monarchy of Europe would now dare to resort; it has abolished the right of appeal on important constitutional questions to the supreme judicial tribunals, and threatens to curtail or destroy its original jurisdiction, which is irrevocably vested by the Constitution, while the learned Chief Justice has been subjected to the most atrocious calumnies, merely because he would not prostitute his high office to the support of the false and partisan charges preferred against the President. Its corruption and extravagance have exceeded anything known in history and by its frauds and monopolies it has nearly doubled the burden of the debt created by the war. It has stripped the President of his constitutional power of appointment, even of his own cabinet. Under its repeated assaults the pillars of the government are rocking on their base, and should it succeed in November next and inaugurate its President, we will meet as a subjected and conquered people amid the ruins of liberty and the scattered fragments of the Constitution; and we do declare and resolve that ever since the people of the United States threw off all subjection to the British crown the privilege and trust of suffrage have belonged to the several States, and have been granted, regulated and controlled exclusively by the political power of each State respectively, and that any attempt by Congress, on any pretext whatever, to deprive any State of this right, or interfere with its exercise, is a flagrant usurpation of power which can find no warrant in the Constitution, and if sanctioned by the people, will subvert our form of government, and can only end in a single centralized and consolidated government, in which the separate existence of the States will be entirely absorbed, and an unqualified despotism be established in place of a Federal Union of coequal States; and that we regard the reconstruction acts (so called) of Congress, as such, are usurpations, and unconstitutional, revolutionary and void.

That our soldiers and sailors, who carried the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe, must ever be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed as widely as possible among the people, and should be disposed of either under the pre emption or homestead laws, and sold in reasonable quantities, and to none but actual occupants, at the minimum price established by the government. When grants of the public lands may be allowed necessary for the encouragement of important public improvements, the proceeds of the sale of such lands, and not the lands themselves should be applied.

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson (applause) in exercising the power of his high office in resisting the aggressions of Congress upon the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people, and in behalf of the Democratic party we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard. (Great applause.)

Upon this platform the Democratic party appeal to every patriot, including all the Conservative element, and all who desire to support the Constitution and restore the Union, forgetting all past differences of opinion, to unite with us in the present great struggle for the liberties of the people, and that to all such, to whatever party they may have heretofore belonged, we extend the right hand of fellowship, and hail all such co operating with us as friends and brethren. (Applause.)

IF YOU WANT the best Cooking or Parlor Stove made in the world, go to HUNTLEY'S and get *Spear's Anti-Duster.*

GOOD, BETTER, BEST.—The best and cheapest Tobacco and Cigars in town are at M. L. Oatman's. Cy and see.

HOUSEKEEPERS, ATTENTION!
A WASHING MACHINE
WORTH HAVING!

DOTY'S Clothes WASHER.
The best *ever invented*
The longer THEY ARE **Used the better** THEY ARE **LIKED.**

They are coming into general use throughout the country.

Many who sell the UNIVERSAL WRINGER keep also the DOTY WASHING MACHINE, which, although but recently introduced, is as great a *Labor* and *Clothes Saver* as the Wringer, and is destined to win public favor and patronage everywhere.

It washes *perfectly* without *wearing* or *rubbing* the clothes at all.

☞Prices—Family Washer, $14. No. 1½ Wringer, $10.

These Machines are adopted by the *American Agriculturist* as Premiums, and endorsed by its Editors as the best in market.

HOME TESTIMONY.

Read the following testimonials from persons in Ebensburg who have used and learned to appreciate these valuable Machines:

Mr. G. Huntley—We have used one of Doty's Washing Machines, which we purchased from you several weeks since, and it gives entire satisfaction. We cheerfully recommend it to all housekeepers, and are free to say that we would not dispense with it for any consideration. It is a great saver of time, labor and clothes.

LINTON & SON, Mountain House.

I purchased one of Doty's Washers from Mr. G. Huntley and am delighted with it, and would recommend every housekeeper to get one. Mrs. A. M. PIPER.

Mr. G. Huntley—The Doty Washing Machine I purchased from you proves to be an article of real merit—the best I have ever seen. Considering the great relief it affords in the labor of washing and the saving of time, no family should be without it.

WM M. JONES.

Mr. Geo. Huntley—I am delighted with the Doty Washer purchased from you.—The more I use it the better I like it. I would not be without it. It is a great saver of time and labor, and does not wear the clothes as much as the old tub and washboard. Mrs. A. BLAINE.

For sale by GEO. HUNTLEY,
May 7, 1868. 6m.* Ebensburg, Pa.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!
TO CASH BUYERS!
AT THE EBENSBURG
HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE.

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Ebensburg and the public generally that he has made a great reduction in prices to CASH BUYERS. My stock will consist, in part, of *Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves*, of the most popular kinds; *Tinware* of every description, of my own manufacture; *Hardware* of all kind, such as Locks, Screws, Butt Hinges, Table Hinges, Shutter Hinges, Bolts, Iron and Nails, Window Glass, Putty, Table Knives and Forks, Carving Knives and Forks, Meat Cutters, Apple Parers, Pen and Pocket Knives in great variety, Scissors, Shears, Razors and Strops Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Boring Machines, Augers, Chissels, Planes, Compasses, Squares, Files, Rasps, Anvils, Vises, Wrenches, Rip, Panel and Cross-Cut Saws, Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scythes and Snaths, Rakes, Forks, Sleigh Bells, Shoe Lasts, Pegs, Wax Bristles, Clothes Wringers, Grind Stones, Patent Molasses Gates and Measures, Lumber Sticks, Horse Nails, Horse Shoes, Cast Steel, Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Cartridges, Powder, Caps, Lead, &c., Odd Stove Plates, Grates and Fire Bricks, Well and Cistern Pumps and Tubing; *Harness and Saddlery Ware* of all kind; *Wooden and Willow Ware* in great variety; Carbon Oil and Oil Lamps, Fish Oil, Lard Oil, Linseed Oil, Lubricating Oil, Rosin, Tar, Glassware, Paints, Varnishes, Turpentine, Alcohol, &c.

FAMILY GROCERIES,

such as Tea, Coffee, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Spices, Dried Peaches, Dried Apples, Fish, Hominy, Crackers, Rice and Pearl Barley; Soaps, Candles; TOBACCO and CIGARS; Paint, Whitewash, Scrub, Horse, Shoe, Dusting, Varnish, Stove, Clothes and Tooth Brushes, all kinds and sizes; Bed Cords and Manilla Ropes, and many other articles at the lowest rates for CASH.

☞*House Sporting* made, painted and put up at low rates for *cash*. A liberal discount made to country dealers buying Tinware wholesale. GEO. HUNTLEY

Ebensburg, Feb. 28, 1867.-tf.

THE UNIVERSAL
CLOTHES WRINGER,

Cannot be surpassed or equaled by any other Wringer for durability. Till the expiration of the patent for the "COG WHEEL REGULATOR," or "STOP-GEAR," *no other Wringer is licensed under this Patent.* It being universally conceded that Cogs are necessary to prevent the Rolls from being broken or torn loose, many attempts have been made to get a Cog-Wheel arrangement which shall equal the UNIVERSAL, and yet avoid the "Stop-Gear," but *without success.* For sale by GEO. HUNTLEY.

Ebensburg, May 7, 1868. 1y.*

WHOLESALE
JANNEY & ANDREWS,
123 Market St. PHILADA.
GROCERS

PETER SIDES,
WITH
HICKMAN, HOLL & CO.,
WHOLESALE TOBACCO DEALERS,
N. E. Cor. Third & Market Sts.,
Jan. 22, 1867. PHILADELPHIA

POCKET KNIVES, TABLE KNIVES and Forks, Spoons, &c., can be bought cheap for cash at GEO. HUNTLEY'S.

BACK TO FIRST PRINCIPLES
BOOTS AND SHOES
OF MY OWN MANUFACTUR.
WHAT I MAKE I CAN WARRANT!

After an experience of more than a year in the sale of Eastern made work, during which time I have expended more than the profits in repairing rips and tares, I have determined to come back to first principles and henceforth confine myself to the manufacture of BOOTS and SHOES for Men, Youths, Ladies and Misses, and am now better prepared than ever to give entire satisfaction in my business.

I have at present in my employ a competent corps of workmen, and can say without fear of contradiction that I can turn out as neat and substantial Boots and Shoes at as MODERATE PRICES as can be made anywhere in the State. I am having Boots made of the finest French Calfskin, and within the past month or two have had orders pouring in upon me from all quarters for this kind of work. The material in these Boots is the best to be found in the market, and the workmanship, both in neatness and strength, cannot be excelled at any other establishment in the country.

MY TRAIN ALWAYS ON TIME!

All work will be ready for delivery at the time promised. Weddings, visits and other interesting or important occurrences need not be postponed through any failure on my part to come to time.

Good work and moderate prices is my motto, and one trial will couvince any person that the motto is well chosen.

☞Repairing of Boots and Shoes attended to promptly and in a workmanlike manner.

Thankful for past favors I feel confident that my work and prices will commend me to a continuance and increase of the same.

JOHN D. THOMAS.

Ebensburg, May 28, 1868.-tf.

Johnstown and Ebensburg
MARBLE WORKS!

Having again taken charge of the branch Marble Works at Ebensburg, which he will operate in connection with his extensive establishment at Johnstown, the subscriber adopts this method of informing the citizens of Cambria county, that he keeps a constant supply of the best

ITALIAN AND AMERICAN MARBLE,

which he is prepared at stated times in Ebensburg and at all times in Johnstown, to manufacture to order, either as MONUMENTS, TOMBSTONES, MANTLES, TABLE or BUREAU TOPS, in as workmanlike manner and at as low prices as like work can be put up in any of the cities. Having in my employ a full force of experienced and skillful workmen, I do not promise too much when I say that I can furnish any of the above articles on short notice, at the lowest prevailing prices, and in a style of finish which cannot be excelled by any other manufacturer in the State.

A large stock of GRINDSTONES on hand and for sale cheap.

☞Prompt attention paid to orders from a distance and work put up wherever desired, or delivered at any point named.

JOHN PARKE

Johnstown, June 4, 1868.-tf.

REVERE THE MEMORY OF
FRIENDS DEPARTED!
MONUMENTS, TOMBSTONES, &c.

The subscriber still continues to manufacture of the best material and in the most workmanlike manner, at the

Loretto Marble Works,

all kind of MONUMENTS AND TOMBSTONES, as well as TABLE and BUREAU TOPS, and all other work in his line. None but the best American and Italian Marble used, and perfect satisfaction guaranteed to all cases at prices as low as like work can be obtained in the cities or elsewhere. Call and see specimens and judge for yourselves as to the merits cheapness of my work.

JAMES WILKINSON.

Loretto, March 12, 1868.1y.

JOSEPH ZOLNER

HAS just opened, and offers for sale lower than they can be bought elswhere, a splendid lot of eight day and twenty-four hour CLOCKS, fine WATCHES of every description, ACCORDEONS, JEWELRY, and a variety of all articles in his line. Repairing of Clocks, Watches, and all kinds of Jewelry, done on short notice and most reasonable terms. All work warranted.—Call at his shop, High street, opposite Public School House, Ebensburg. [sep.5,'67]

SCOTT HOUSE,
Main Street, Johnstown, Cambria Co., Pa.,
A. ROW & CO., Proprietors.

THIS HOUSE having been refitted and elegantly furnished, is now open for the reception and entertainment of guests. The proprietors by long experience in hotel keeping feel confident they can satisfy a discriminating public.

Their Bar is supplied with the choicest brands of liquors and wines.

Jan. 31, 1868. (1y.)

UNION HOUSE,
EBENSBURG, PA., JEROME A. PLOTT, Propietor, spares no pains to render this hotel worthy of a continuation of the liberal patronage it has heretofore received. His table will always be furnished with the best the market affords; his bar with the best of liquors.—His stable is large, and will be attended by an attentive and obliging hostler. Jan 30, 1868.-tf.

ST. JAMES' HOTEL,
(*Conducted on the European Plan,*)
405 & 407 LIBERTY STREET, OPPOSITE THE UNION DEPOT, PITTSBURGH, PA.
JAMES K. LANAHAN, - - - Proprietor.

This House is newly built and splendidly furnished, and convenient to all the Railroads coming into the city. The Restaurant connected with this Hotel open at all hours of the day and night. [oct.17.-1y.

PITTSBURGH STAR,
No. 429 Liberty Street.
OPPOSITE UNION PASSENGER DEPOT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
[oc.11.-1y.] FELIX HENLY, Prop'r.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE, EBENSBURG
K. P. LINTON & CO., Prop'rs.

The TABLE is always supplied with the choicest delicacies; the BAR is supplied with choice liquors, and the STABLE attended by careful hostlers. Transient visitors accommodated and boarders taken by the week, month or year, on reasonable terms. feb21

MERCHANTS' HOTEL.
J. & W. C. M'KIBBIN, Proprietors.
Fourth St., between Market and Arch,
May 9, 1867.-1y. PHILADELPHIA.

GRAFF, WATKIN & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
BOOTS AND SHOES,
No. 512 MARKET STREET,
FLEM. HOLLIDAY. PHILAD'A.

1868. SPRING TRADE. 1868.
I am now prepared to offer
SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS
TO CASH PURCHASERS OF
TIN & SHEET-IRON WARE!
EITHER AT
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

My stock consists in part of every variety of
Tin, Sheet-Iron,
COPPER AND BRASS WARES,
BNAMELLED AND PLAIN
SAUCE-PANS, BOILERS &c.,
COAL SHOVELS, MINE LAMPS, OIL CANS, HOUSEFURNISHING HARDWARE OF EVERY KIND.

PERRY'S Anti-Dust
HEATING AND COOKING STOVES,
EXCELSIOR COOKING STOVES,
NOBLE, TRIUMPH AND PARLOR COOKING STOVES,

And any Cooking Stove desired I will get when ordered at manufacturer's prices.—Odd Stove Plates and Grates, &c., for repairs, on hand for the Stoves I sell; others will be ordered when wanted. Particular attention given to

Spouting, Valleys and Conductors,

all of which will be made out of best materials and put up by competent workmen.

Lamp Burners, Wick and Chimneys
WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

I would call particular attention to the Light House Burner, with Glass Cone, for giving more light than any other in use. Also, the Paragon Burner, for Crude Oil.

SPENCER'S SIFTER!
It recommends itself.

SUGAR KETTLES AND CAULDRONS
of all sizes constantly on hand.

Special attention given to
Jobbing in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron.
at lowest possible rates.

WHOLESALE MERCHANTS' LISTS now ready, and will be sent on application by mail or in person.

Hoping to see all my old customers and many new ones this Spring, I return my most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage I have already received, and will endeavor to please all who may call, whether they buy or not.

FRANCIS W. HAY.

Johnstown, March 7, 1867.

WHOLESALE
DRUG STORE!
D. W. HARSHBERGER & CO.,
MAIN STREET,
OPPOSITE SCOTT HOUSE,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.,

Keep constantly for sale the largest and best assortment of pure

DRUGS & MEDICINES
IN CAMBRIA COUNTY.
PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,
Alcohol, Turpentine,
Pure Wines and Liquors, best brands,
4000 Lbs. White Lead,
DYES DYE-STUFFS GLASS, PUTTY
And in fact everything kept in a first-class Drug Store, all of which will be
SOLD AT CITY PRICES,

MISHLER'S CELEBRATED BITTERS, by the dozen or by the gallon.

OUR STOCK OF
Perfumeries and Toilet Articles
is acknowledged by all judges to be the
LARGEST IN QUANTITY AND FINEST IN QUALITY
OF ANY IN OUR TOWN.

SOLE AGENTS FOR
SHARP'S MOUNTAIN HERB BITTERS
AND
SHARP'S MAGIC LINIMENT!

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED AT LOWEST PRICES.

Johnstown, Aug. 15, 1867.-1y.

BEYOND COMPETITION!
ESTABLISHED 1856.
THE OLDEST
DRUG STORE
IN CAMBRIA COUNTY.
C. T. FRAZER
Keeps constantly on hand the
LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST
ASSORTMENT OF GOODS PERTAINING TO THE
DRUG BUSINESS
In the County, which he offers
AT WHOLESALE OR RETAIL
TO THE TRADE AND PUBLIC
AT LOWEST RATES!
C. T. FRAZER.
Franklin Street,
(*OPPOSITE MARKET HOUSE,*)
JOHNSTOWN, PENN'A.

KINPORTS & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FLOUR, FEED, PROVISIONS, GROCERIES
IRON, NAILS, &c.,
Juniata Street, opposite United States Hotel,
HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.

HARTFORD
LIVE STOCK INSURANCE COMPANY.
CASH CAPITAL, $500,000.

We are now prepared to insure LIVE STOCK against both *Death* and *Theft*, in this live and reliable Company. Owners of stock have now the opportunity, by insuring with this Company, of obtaining security and remuneration for the loss of their animals in case of DEATH or theft.

OWNERS OF HORSES,

Manufacturers, Farmers, Teamsters, Expressmen, Physicians, and in fact all who are to any extent dependant upon the services of their horses in their daily vocations, should insure in this Company, and thus derive a protection against the loss of their animals, which are in many cases the sole means of support to their owners.

FARM STOCK

Farmers and others owning cattle should avail themselves of this means of saving the value of their stock, and secure an equivalent for the loss which would otherwise fall heavily upon them in being deprived of their Cattle, by insuring in this, the

PIONEER COMPANY OF AMERICA!

By insuring in this Company you exchange a certainty for an uncertainty. No man can tell whether his animals may not be stolen or die through some unforseen calamity.

☞*Competent Agents wanted, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid.* Apply to KERR & CO., General Agents.

April 4, 1867.-1y. Altoona, Pa.

☞Col. WM. K. PIPER, Ebensburg, has been appointed local agent for the Hartford Live Stock Insurance Company.

GEIS & REUTH,
Johnstown, Pa.,
BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS
AND BOOK BINDERS.
MANUFACTURERS OF BLANK BOOKS, PORTE-MONAIS, PAPER BOXES AND LOOKING GLASSES.

Looking Glass and Picture Frames always on hand, and made to order. A large and most complete assortment of Drawing Room and Miscellaneous Pictures, consisting of Chromos, Paintings in Oil, Steel Plate Engravings, Prints and Colored Lithographs, Oil Prints, Photographs and Wood Cuts.—This collection embraces a selection of large sized match pictures of Landscape and Domestic Scenes and Portraits, and 5,000 different varieties of Card Photographs of prominent men, comic and sentimental scenes and copies of subjects by celebrated artists. We have also a varied assortment of BIBLES, PRAYER, HYMN and SCHOOL BOOKS, HISTORIES, BIOGRAPHIES, NOVELS, &c. Religious Prints and Emblems in great variety, and the largest and most complete stock of STATIONERY ever brought to this county. 500 new and beautiful styles of WALL PAPER, including an assortment of Potter's celebrated English make, for which we are sole agents in this locality. These Wall Papers are handsomer in design, superior in finish, and 2½ inches wider than any other make.

The citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity are respectfully notified that we make BOOK BINDING and the manufacture of BLANK BOOKS a specialty. All work promptly executed at moderate rates.

☞Store on corner of Clinton and Locust streets, immediately opposite Foster House. Johnstown, Oct. 21, 1867.-tf.

CHAIR MANUFACTORY.
WM. P. PATTON,
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ALL KINDS OF CHAIRS,

such as common Windsor Chairs, Fret Back Chairs, Vienna Chairs, Rustle Chairs, Rim Backed Chairs, Sociable Chairs,

Cane Seat Chairs,

ROCKING CHAIRS, OF EVERY SIZE
SPRING SEAT CHAIRS
Settees, Lounges, &c., &c.
CABINET FURNITURE
of every description and of latest
STYLES, WITH PRICES TO SUIT THE
Tastes of all.

Thankful for past favors, he respectfully solicits a liberal share of public patronage. Clinton Street, Johnstown Cambria Co. Pa. [Jan. 31, 1867.

A WORD FROM JOHNSTOWN!
JOHN J. MURPHY & CO.,
Have constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of seasonable
Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Groceries,
and a general variety of NOTIONS, &c.—Their stock consists of almost every article usually kept in a retail store, all of which have been selected with care and are offered at prices which cannot fail to prove satisfactory. Call and examine for yourselves.
Feb. 28, 1867.-tf. $5*

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GAY & WELSH,
Successors to Gay & Painter,
WHOLESALE
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AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, PRODUCE, FISH, SALT, CARBON OILS, &c., &c.,
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Wholesale Dealers in
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133 WOOD STREET,
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Agents for the sale of "Hope Mill" Cotton Yarn, Bags, Batting and Carpet Chain.
Feb. 28, 1867.-tf.

M. CRESSWELL, JOHN A. RYDER,
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M. McDONALD,
WITH
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Importers and Jobbers of
FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
No. 511 Market Street,
June 20, 1867.-1y. *PHILADELPHIA.*

A. C. DIBERT,
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ROKER & BROTHERS,
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